## Bidston Village CofE (Controlled) Primary School (URN: 131281)

## School performance summary 2018/2019

A glossary explaining terms used in this report is at the end of the printed version.

## Key stage $\mathbf{2}$ headline measures

This is revised data for 2018/19.

## Progress in reading, writing and maths

## Reading

Number of pupils $=39$
Pupils with adjusted scores $=0$
Average - 0.42
Confidence interval -2.4 to 1.5

## Writing

Number of pupils $=39$
Pupils with adjusted scores $=0$
Average 0.29
Confidence interval -1.5 to 2.1

## Maths

Number of pupils $=39$
Pupils with adjusted scores $=0$

## Average 1.42

Confidence interval -0.3 to 3.1

## Reading, writing and maths combined

## Percentage of pupils achieving the expected standard or higher

Number of pupils $=39$


Percentage of pupils achieving the higher standard
Number of pupils $=39$


## Average scaled score in:

## Reading

Number of pupils $=39$


Average scaled score in reading

## Maths

Number of pupils $=39$


## Key stage 2 disadvantaged

This is revised data for 2018/19.

## Average progress for disadvantaged pupils in reading, writing and maths

| Reading |  | Writing | Maths |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Progress score for disadvantaged <br> pupils <br> Confidence interval | $\mathbf{- 0 . 9 7}$ | $\mathbf{- 0 . 2 0}$ | $\mathbf{1 . 1 5}$ |
| Number of disadvantaged pupils | -3.1 to 1.1 | -2.1 to 1.7 | -0.7 to 3.0 |
| Disadvantaged pupils with adjusted scores | 34 | 34 | 34 |
| National average for non-disadvantaged pupils | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| National average for disadvantaged pupils | Like-for-like <br> -0.32 | Like-for-like <br> -0.50 | Like-for-like <br> -0.71 |

Prior attainment of disadvantaged pupils - 3 year trends

| Group | 2017 |  | 2018 |  | 2019 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Non-dis | Dis | Non-dis | Dis | Non-dis | Dis |
| Number of pupils | 11 | 30 | 15 | 31 | 5 | 34 |
| Prior attainment (based on key stage 1 average point score) | 16.68 | 12.71 | 12.74 | 13.24 | 15.50 | 13.97 |

Average progress in reading by prior attainment


## Average progress in writing by prior attainment

| Prior attainment Group | Low |  | Middle |  | High |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | All | Dis | All | Dis | All | Dis |
| Number of pupils | 5 | 4 | 30 | 27 | 4 | 3 |
| Number of pupils with adjusted scores | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Progress score | -1.47 | -5.58 | 0.30 | 0.33 | 2.37 | 2.18 |
| National average | 0.02 | 0.71 | 0.04 | 0.29 | 0.02 | 0.18 |
| Difference | -1.49 | -6.29 | 0.26 | 0.05 | 2.36 | 2.01 |
| Confidence interval | -6.5 to 3.5 | -11.2 to 0.0 | -1.7 to 2.3 | -1.8 to 2.5 | -3.2 to 8.0 | to 8.6 |

## Average progress in maths by prior attainment

| Prior attainment Group | Low |  | Middle |  | High |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | All | Dis | All | Dis | All | Dis |
| Number of pupils | 5 | 4 | 30 | 27 | 4 | 3 |
| Number of pupils with adjusted scores | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Progress score | 0.07 | -4.06 | 1.63 | 1.59 | 1.54 | 4.09 |
| National average | 0.03 | 0.90 | 0.04 | 0.42 | 0.02 | 0.23 |
| Difference | 0.04 | -4.96 | 1.58 | 1.18 | 1.52 | 3.86 |
| Confidence interval | to 4.8 | to 1.2 | -0.3 to 3.6 | -0.4 to 3.6 | -3.7 to 6.8 | 10.2 |

## Reading, writing and maths combined

Percentage of disadvantaged pupils achieving the expected standard or higher
Number of disadvantaged pupils $=34$


Percentage achieving the expected standard or higher

Prior attainment of pupils achieving the expected standard or higher

| Prior attainment | Low |  |  | Middle |  |  |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Group | All | Dis |  | All | Dis | All | Dis |
| Number of pupils | 5 | 4 |  | 30 | 27 | 4 | 3 |
| Percentage | 0 | 0 |  | 50 | 48 | 100 | 100 |
| National average | 7 | 8 |  | 58 | 62 | 95 | 96 |
| Difference | -7 | -8 | -8 | -14 | 5 | 4 |  |

## Percentage of disadvantaged pupils achieving the higher standard

Number of disadvantaged pupils $=34$


Prior attainment of pupils achieving the higher standard

| Prior attainment Low |  |  | Middle |  | High |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Group | All | Dis | All | Dis | All | Dis |
| Number of pupils | 5 | 4 | 30 | 27 | 4 | 3 |
| Percentage | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 50 | 67 |
| National average | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 29 | 31 |
| Difference | 0 | 0 | -2 | -2 | 21 | 36 |

## Average scaled score for disadvantaged pupils in:

## Reading

Number of disadvantaged pupils $=34$


## Maths

Number of disadvantaged pupils $=34$


Average scaled score in maths

## Key stage 2 three year average

This is revised data for 2018/19.

## Percentage of pupils achieving expected standard in reading, writing and maths, 2017-2019

Number of pupils in $2017=42$
Number of pupils in $2018=46$
Number of pupils in $2019=39$


Percentage of pupils achieving higher standard in reading, writing and maths, 2017-2019

Number of pupils in $2017=42$
Number of pupils in $2018=46$
Number of pupils in $2019=39$


## Average scaled score in:

## Reading, 2017-2019

Number of pupils in $2017=42$
Number of pupils in $2018=46$
Number of pupils in $2019=39$


## Maths, 2017-2019

Number of pupils in $2017=42$
Number of pupils in $2018=46$
Number of pupils in $2019=39$


Average scaled score in maths for 2017-2019

## Key stage 2 results over 3 years

This is revised data for 2018/19.

## Progress in reading

|  | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Number of pupils | 41 | 46 | 39 |
| Pupils with adjusted <br> scores | $\mathrm{N} / \mathrm{A}$ | 0 | 0 |
| School progress score | 0.28 | 2.04 | Above |
| Confidence interval | -1.6 to 2.2 | average | -0.42 |
| Progress banding | Average | -0.14 | -2.4 to 1.5 |
| Local authority average | -0.14 | 0.03 | Average |
| National average | 0.00 |  | -0.61 |

## Progress in writing

|  | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Number of pupils | 41 | 46 | 39 |  |
| Pupils with adjusted <br> scores | $\mathrm{N} / \mathrm{A}$ | 0 | 0 |  |
| School progress score | 0.15 | 0.3 to 3.7 | Above | average |
| Confidence interval | -1.8 to 2.0 | -0.43 | -1.5 to 2.1 |  |
| Progress banding | Average | 0.03 | -0.83 |  |
| Local authority average | -0.56 |  | 0.03 |  |
| National average | 0.00 |  |  |  |

## Progress in maths

|  | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Number of pupils | 41 | 0 | 39 |
| Pupils with adjusted <br> scores | $\mathrm{N} / \mathrm{A}$ | 0 |  |
| School progress score | 1.88 | 2.44 | 1.42 |
| Confidence interval | 0.2 to 3.6 | Above | -0.3 to 3.1 |
| Abogress banding | average | average | Average |
| Local authority average | -0.46 | -0.51 | -0.43 |
| National average | 0.00 | 0.03 | 0.03 |

## Reading, writing and maths combined

## Percentage of pupils achieving the expected standard or higher

Number of pupils in $2017=42$
Number of pupils in $2018=46$
Number of pupils in $2019=39$


## Percentage of pupils achieving the higher standard

Number of pupils in $2017=42$
Number of pupils in $2018=46$
Number of pupils in $2019=39$


## Average scaled scores in:

## Reading

Number of pupils in $2017=42$
Number of pupils in $2018=46$
Number of pupils in $2019=39$


## Maths

Number of pupils in $2017=42$
Number of pupils in $2018=46$
Number of pupils in $2019=39$


## Key stage 2 headline reports

Reading progress and attainment by pupil group

| Key stage 2 reading by pupil group |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Breakdown | Reading progress |  |  |  |  | Reading attainment |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Cohort | Adjusted score |  | Unadjusted score |  | Cohort | Achieving the expected standard |  | Achieving a higher standard |  | Average score |  |
|  |  | School | National | School | National |  | School \% | National \% | School \% | National \% | School | National |
| All pupils | 39 | -0.42 | 0.03 | -0.42 | 0.00 | 39 | 56 | 73 | 13 | 27 | 100.3 | 104.4 |
| Male | 24 | -1.97 | -0.54 | -1.97 | -0.58 | 24 | 46 | 69 | 4 | 22 | 98.0 | 103.3 |
| Female | 15 | 2.07 | 0.62 | 2.07 | 0.61 | 15 | 73 | 78 | 27 | 32 | 104.1 | 105.5 |
| Disadvantaged | 34 | -0.97 | 0.32 | -0.97 | 0.30 | 34 | 53 | 78 | 9 | 31 | 99.4 | 105.5 |
|  |  |  | Like-for-like |  | Like-for-like |  |  | Like-for-like |  | Like-for-like |  | Like-for-like |
|  |  |  | -0.62 |  | -0.66 |  |  | 62 |  | 17 |  | 101.9 |
| Ever 6 FSM | 34 | -0.97 | 0.31 | -0.97 | 0.28 | 34 | 53 | 78 | 9 | 31 | 99.4 | 105.5 |
|  |  |  | Like-for-like |  | Like-for-like |  |  | Like-for-like |  | Like-for-like |  | Like-for-like |
|  |  |  | -0.61 |  | -0.65 |  |  | 62 |  | 17 |  | 101.9 |
| Children looked after | 2 | -2.56 | $\begin{array}{r} 0.03 \\ \text { Like-for-like } \end{array}$ | -2.56 $\begin{array}{r}\text { r } \\ \\ \text { Like-for-like }\end{array}$ |  | 2 | 0 | Like-for-like | Like-for-like |  | 92.0 | 104.4 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | Like-for-like |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | -0.28 |  | -0.37 |  |  | 50 |  | 12 |  | 100.3 |
| Other | 5 | 3.38 | 0.32 | 3.38 | 0.30 |  | 5 | 80 | 78 | 40 | 31 | 106.2 | 105.5 |
| SEN EHCP | 1 | -6.49 | 0.03 | -6.49 | 0.00 | 1 | 0 | 73 | 0 | 27 | N/A | 104.4 |
| SEN support | 14 | -3.47 | 0.03 | -3.47 | 0.00 | 14 | 14 | 73 | 0 | 27 | 92.2 | 104.4 |
| No SEN | 24 | 1.62 | 0.35 | 1.62 | 0.33 | 24 | 83 | 81 | 21 | 31 | 105.0 | 105.7 |
| Non-mobile | 32 | -0.02 | 0.07 | -0.02 | 0.05 | 32 | 63 | 75 | 16 | 28 | 101.5 | 104.6 |
| English first language | 38 | -0.61 | 0.03 | -0.61 | 0.00 | 38 | 58 | 73 | 13 | 27 | 100.4 | 104.4 |
| English additional language | 1 | 6.96 | 0.03 | 6.96 | 0.00 | 1 | 0 | 73 | 0 | 27 | 96.0 | 104.4 |


| Low overall | 5 | -2.09 | 0.02 | -2.09 | 0.00 | 5 | 0 | 16 | 0 | 1 | 90.3 | 92.7 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Middle overall | 30 | -0.17 | 0.03 | -0.17 | 0.00 | 30 | 60 | 70 | 7 | 15 | 100.2 | 102.5 |
| High overall | 4 | -0.15 | 0.03 | -0.15 | 0.00 | 4 | 100 | 97 | 75 | 56 | 110.5 | 110.3 |
| Reading low | 5 | -1.34 | -0.30 | -1.34 | -0.32 | 5 | 0 | 17 | 0 | 2 | 91.8 | 93.0 |
| Reading middle | 31 | -0.42 | -0.20 | -0.42 | -0.23 | 31 | 61 | 71 | 6 | 15 | 100.2 | 102.6 |
| Reading high | 3 | 1.13 | 0.54 | 1.13 | 0.52 | 3 | 100 | 98 | 100 | 59 | 112.7 | 110.7 |
| Writing low | 8 | -1.47 | 0.09 | -1.47 | 0.06 | 8 | 13 | 24 | 0 | 3 | 92.7 | 94.5 |
| Writing middle | 29 | -0.10 | -0.03 | -0.10 | -0.06 | 29 | 66 | 77 | 10 | 22 | 101.3 | 104.2 |
| Writing high | 2 | -0.83 | 0.23 | -0.83 | 0.20 | 2 | 100 | 99 | 100 | 67 | 111.5 | 111.7 |
| Maths low | 4 | -2.00 | 0.24 | -2.00 | 0.23 | 4 | 0 | 14 | 0 | 1 | 90.0 | 92.4 |
| Maths middle | 31 | -0.25 | 0.17 | -0.25 | 0.14 | 31 | 58 | 72 | 6 | 19 | 99.9 | 103.1 |
| Maths high | 4 | -0.15 | -0.39 | -0.15 | -0.42 | 4 | 100 | 97 | 75 | 58 | 110.5 | 110.4 |

Writing progress and attainment by pupil group

| Key stage 2 writing by pupil group |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Breakdown | Writing progress |  |  |  |  | Writing attainment |  |  |  |  |
|  | Cohort | Adjusted score |  | Unadjusted score |  | Cohort | Achieved the expected standard |  | Achieved a greater depth |  |
|  |  | School | National | School | National |  | School \% | National \% | School \% | National \% |
| All pupils | 39 | 0.29 | 0.03 | 0.29 | 0.00 | 39 | 64 | 78 | 13 | 20 |
| Male | 24 | -0.52 | -0.73 | -0.52 | -0.78 | 24 | 54 | 72 | 4 | 15 |
| Female | 15 | 1.58 | 0.82 | 1.58 | 0.81 | 15 | 80 | 85 | 27 | 25 |
| Disadvantaged | 34 | -0.20 | 0.27 | -0.20 | 0.25 | 34 | 62 | 83 | 9 | 24 |
|  | Like-for-like |  |  | Like-for-like |  |  |  | Like-for-like |  | Like-for-like |
|  |  |  | -0.50 |  | -0.54 |  |  | 68 |  | 11 |
| Ever 6 FSM | 34 | -0.20 | 0.25 | -0.20 | 0.23 | 34 | 62 | 83 | 9 | 24 |
|  | Like-for-like |  |  | Like-for-like |  |  |  | Like-for-like |  | Like-for-like |
|  |  |  | -0.47 |  | -0.52 |  |  | 68 |  | 11 |
| Children looked after | 2 | -7.79 | 0.04 | -7.79 | 0.01 | 2 | 0 | 79 | 0 | 20 |
|  |  |  | k-for-like | Like-for-like |  |  |  | Like-for-like |  | Like-for-like |
|  |  |  | -0.87 |  | -0.96 |  |  | 51 |  | 6 |
| Other | 5 | 3.58 | 0.27 | 3.58 | 0.25 | 5 | 80 | 83 | 40 | 24 |
| SEN EHCP | 1 | -8.53 | 0.03 | -8.53 | 0.00 | 1 | 0 | 78 | 0 | 20 |
| SEN support | 14 | -1.66 | 0.03 | -1.66 | 0.00 | 14 | 29 | 78 | 0 | 20 |
| No SEN | 24 | 1.79 | 0.52 | 1.79 | 0.51 | 24 | 88 | 88 | 21 | 24 |
| Non-mobile | 32 | 1.77 | 0.10 | 1.77 | 0.07 | 32 | 75 | 80 | 16 | 21 |
| English first language | 38 | -0.10 | 0.03 | -0.10 | 0.00 | 38 | 63 | 78 | 13 | 20 |
| English additional language | 1 | 14.97 | 0.03 | 14.97 | 0.00 | 1 | 100 | 78 | 0 | 20 |


| Prior attainment |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Low overall | 5 | -1.47 | 0.02 | -1.47 | 0.00 | 5 | 20 | 15 | 0 | 0 |
| Middle overall | 30 | 0.30 | 0.04 | 0.30 | 0.00 | 30 | 67 | 78 | 7 | 7 |
| High overall | 4 | 2.37 | 0.02 | 2.37 | 0.00 | 4 | 100 | 99 | 75 | 49 |
| Reading low | 5 | -1.84 | -0.19 | -1.84 | -0.21 | 5 | 20 | 17 | 0 | 0 |
| Reading middle | 31 | 0.27 | -0.06 | 0.27 | -0.09 | 31 | 68 | 79 | 6 | 7 |
| Reading high | 3 | 3.98 | 0.25 | 3.98 | 0.23 | 3 | 100 | 99 | 100 | 51 |
| Writing low | 8 | -3.66 | -0.36 | -3.66 | -0.39 | 8 | 13 | 21 | 0 | 0 |
| Writing middle | 29 | 1.19 | 0.00 | 1.19 | -0.03 | 29 | 76 | 85 | 10 | 13 |
| Writing high | 2 | 2.94 | 0.42 | 2.94 | 0.41 | 2 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 67 |
| Maths low | 4 | -1.62 | 0.29 | -1.62 | 0.28 | 4 | 25 | 14 | 0 | 0 |
| Maths middle | 31 | 0.26 | 0.17 | 0.26 | 0.14 | 31 | 65 | 79 | 6 | 11 |
| Maths high | 4 | 2.37 | -0.41 | 2.37 | -0.43 | 4 | 100 | 98 | 75 | 51 |

Maths progress and attainment by pupil group


| Prior attainmen |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Low overall | 5 | 0.07 | 0.03 | 0.07 | 0.01 | 5 | 20 | 19 | 0 | 1 | 95.3 | 94.0 |
| Middle overall | 30 | 1.63 | 0.04 | 1.63 | 0.00 | 30 | 73 | 77 | 7 | 13 | 103.0 | 103.3 |
| High overall | 4 | 1.54 | 0.02 | 1.54 | 0.00 | 4 | 100 | 99 | 75 | 58 | 112.3 | 110.3 |
| Reading low | 5 | 0.70 | 0.70 | 0.70 | 0.68 | 5 | 40 | 26 | 0 | 2 | 96.8 | 95.5 |
| Reading middle | 31 | 1.71 | 0.11 | 1.71 | 0.07 | 31 | 71 | 78 | 10 | 16 | 103.2 | 103.6 |
| Reading high | 3 | -0.34 | -0.29 | -0.34 | -0.32 | 3 | 100 | 98 | 67 | 55 | 111.3 | 109.9 |
| Writing low | 8 | -0.41 | 0.49 | -0.41 | 0.46 | 8 | 25 | 31 | 0 | 3 | 96.1 | 96.3 |
| Writing middle | 29 | 2.06 | 0.05 | 2.06 | 0.01 | 29 | 79 | 83 | 14 | 22 | 104.3 | 104.9 |
| Writing high | 2 | -0.60 | -0.32 | -0.60 | -0.34 | 2 | 100 | 99 | 50 | 64 | 111.5 | 111.0 |
| Maths low | 4 | -0.23 | -0.53 | -0.23 | -0.55 | 4 | 25 | 14 | 0 | 1 | 95.0 | 92.8 |
| Maths middle | 31 | 1.62 | -0.04 | 1.62 | -0.08 | 31 | 71 | 78 | 6 | 14 | 102.8 | 103.6 |
| Maths high | 4 | 1.54 | 0.38 | 1.54 | 0.36 | 4 | 100 | 99 | 75 | 67 | 112.3 | 111.3 |

Reading, writing and maths combined attainment by pupil group

| Key stage 2 reading, writing and maths by pupil group |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Breakdown | Cohort | Achieving the expected standard or higher |  | Achieving at a higher standard |  |
|  |  | School \% | National \% | School \% | National \% |
| All pupils | 39 | 49 | 65 | 5 | 11 |
| Male | 24 | 33 | 60 | 0 | 9 |
| Female | 15 | 73 | 70 | 13 | 13 |
| Disadvantaged | 34 | 47 | 71 | 6 | 13 |
|  |  |  | Like-for-like |  | Like-for-like |
|  |  |  | 51 |  | 5 |
| Ever 6 FSM | 34 | 47 | 71 | 6 | 13 |
|  |  |  | Like-for-like |  | Like-for-like |
|  |  |  | 52 |  | 5 |
| Children looked after | 2 | 0 | 65 | 0 | 11 |
|  |  |  | Like-for-like |  | Like-for-like |
|  |  |  | 37 |  | 2 |
| Other | 5 | 60 | 71 | 0 | 13 |
| SEN EHCP | 1 | 0 | 65 | 0 | 11 |
| SEN support | 14 | 7 | 65 | 0 | 11 |
| No SEN | 24 | 75 | 74 | 8 | 13 |
| Non-mobile | 32 | 59 | 66 | 6 | 11 |
| English first language | 38 | 50 | 65 | 5 | 11 |
| English additional language | 1 | 0 | 65 | 0 | 11 |
| Prior attainment |  |  |  |  |  |
| Low overall | 5 | 0 | 7 | 0 | 0 |
| Middle overall | 30 | 50 | 58 | 0 | 2 |
| High overall | 4 | 100 | 95 | 50 | 29 |
| Reading low | 5 | 0 | 9 | 0 | 0 |
| Reading middle | 31 | 52 | 59 | 0 | 2 |
| Reading high | 3 | 100 | 95 | 67 | 30 |
| Writing low | 8 | 0 | 11 | 0 | 0 |
| Writing middle | 29 | 59 | 68 | 3 | 5 |
| Writing high | 2 | 100 | 97 | 50 | 41 |
| Maths low | 4 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 0 |
| Maths middle | 31 | 48 | 61 | 0 | 3 |
| Maths high | 4 | 100 | 95 | 50 | 33 |

## Key stage $\mathbf{2}$ progress in reading scatter plot by disadvantaged

This is revised data for 2018/19.

Number of pupils $=39$

Disadvantaged $\quad$ Non disadvantaged


## Key stage 2 progress in writing scatter plot by disadvantaged

This is revised data for 2018/19.

Number of pupils $=39$

Disadvantaged $\square$ Non disadvantaged


## Key stage 2 progress in maths scatter plot by disadvantaged

This is revised data for 2018/19.

Number of pupils $=39$

Disadvantaged $\square$ Non disadvantaged


## Key stage 2 reading attainment scatter plot by disadvantaged

This is revised data for 2018/19.
Number of pupils $=39$

Disadvantaged $\square$ Non disadvantaged


## Key stage 2 writing attainment scatter plot by disadvantaged

This is revised data for 2018/19.

## Number of pupils $=39$

Disadvantaged $\square$ Non disadvantaged


## Key stage $\mathbf{2}$ maths attainment scatter plot by disadvantaged

This is revised data for 2018/19.

Number of pupils $=39$

Disadvantaged $\square$ Non disadvantaged


Key stage 2 additional reports
English grammar, punctuation and spelling attainment by pupil group


Science attainment by pupil group

| Key stage 2 science by pupil group |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Breakdown | Cohort | At least the expected standard in science |  |
|  |  | School \% | National \% |
| All pupils | 39 | 72 | 83 |
| Male | 24 | 67 | 80 |
| Female | 15 | 80 | 86 |
| Disadvantaged | 34 | 68 | 87 |
|  |  |  | Like-for-like |


| Ever 6 FSM |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |

Prior attainment

| Low overall | 5 | 20 | 23 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Middle overall | 30 | 80 | 84 |
| High overall | 4 | 75 | 99 |
| Reading low | 5 | 40 | 27 |
| Reading middle | 31 | 74 | 85 |
| Reading high | 3 | 100 | 99 |
| Writing low | 8 | 38 | 33 |
| Writing middle | 29 | 79 | 89 |
| Writing high | 2 | 100 | 100 |
| Maths low | 4 | 25 | 19 |
| Maths middle | 31 | 77 | 85 |
| Maths high | 4 | 75 | 99 |

## Percentage achieving the expected standard or higher in reading

Number of pupils $=52$


Percentage achieving the expected standard or higher in reading

## Percentage achieving greater depth in reading

Number of pupils $=52$


## Percentage achieving the expected standard or higher in writing

Number of pupils $=52$


Percentage achieving the expected standard or higher in writing

## Percentage achieving greater depth in writing

Number of pupils $=52$


## Percentage achieving the expected standard or higher in maths

Number of pupils $=52$


Percentage achieving the expected standard or higher in maths

## Percentage achieving greater depth in maths

Number of pupils $=52$


## Key stage 1 additional reports

## Reading attainment by pupil group

| Key stage 1 reading attainment by pupil group |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Breakdown | Cohort | Achieved greater depth |  | Achieved the expected standard or higher |  | Working towards |  | Pre-key stage 1 standards |  |
|  |  | Sch \% | Nat \% | Sch \% | Nat \% | Sch \% | Nat \% | Sch \% | Nat \% |
| All pupils | 52 | 0 | 25 | 52 | 75 | 27 | 17 | 21 | 7 |
| Male | 27 | 0 | 22 | 52 | 71 | 22 | 19 | 26 | 9 |
| Female | 25 | 0 | 29 | 52 | 79 | 32 | 15 | 16 | 5 |
| Disadvantaged | 31 | 0 | 28 | 45 | 78 | 23 | 15 | 32 | 5 |
| Ever 6 FSM | 31 | 0 | 28 | 45 | 78 | 23 | 15 | 32 | 5 |
| Children looked after | 0 | N/A | 25 | N/A | 75 | N/A | 17 | N/A | 7 |
| Other | 21 | 0 | 28 | 62 | 78 | 33 | 15 | 5 | 5 |
| SEN EHCP | 3 | 0 | 25 | 0 | 75 | 0 | 17 | 100 | 7 |
| SEN support | 4 | 0 | 25 | 0 | 75 | 0 | 17 | 100 | 7 |
| No SEN | 45 | 0 | 29 | 60 | 83 | 31 | 14 | 9 | 3 |
| English first language | 51 | 0 | 25 | 51 | 75 | 27 | 17 | 22 | 7 |
| English additional language | 1 | 0 | 25 | 100 | 75 | 0 | 17 | 0 | 7 |

Writing attainment by pupil group

| Key stage 1 writing attainment by pupil group |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Breakdown | Cohort | Achieved greater depth |  | Achieved the expected standard or higher |  | Working towards |  | Pre-key stage 1 standards |  |
|  |  | Sch \% | Nat \% | Sch \% | Nat \% | Sch \% | Nat \% | Sch \% | Nat \% |
| All pupils | 52 | 0 | 15 | 52 | 69 | 19 | 22 | 29 | 8 |
| Male | 27 | 0 | 11 | 48 | 63 | 19 | 26 | 33 | 10 |
| Female | 25 | 0 | 19 | 56 | 76 | 20 | 18 | 24 | 5 |
| Disadvantaged | 31 | 0 | 17 | 45 | 73 | 16 | 20 | 39 | 6 |
| Ever 6 FSM | 31 | 0 | 17 | 45 | 73 | 16 | 20 | 39 | 6 |
| Children looked after | 0 | N/A | 15 | N/A | 69 | N/A | 22 | N/A | 8 |
| Other | 21 | 0 | 17 | 62 | 73 | 24 | 20 | 14 | 6 |
| SEN EHCP | 3 | 0 | 15 | 0 | 69 | 0 | 22 | 100 | 8 |
| SEN support | 4 | 0 | 15 | 0 | 69 | 0 | 22 | 100 | 8 |
| No SEN | 45 | 0 | 17 | 60 | 78 | 22 | 19 | 18 | 3 |
| English first language | 51 | 0 | 15 | 51 | 69 | 20 | 22 | 29 | 8 |
| English additional language | 1 | 0 | 15 | 100 | 69 | 0 | 22 | 0 | 8 |

Maths attainment by pupil group

| Key stage 1 maths attainment by pupil group |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Breakdown | Cohort | Achieved greater depth |  | Achieved the expected standard or higher |  | Working towards |  | Pre-key stage 1 standards |  |
|  |  | Sch \% | Nat \% | Sch \% | Nat \% | Sch \% | Nat \% | Sch \% | Nat \% |
| All pupils | 52 | 8 | 22 | 69 | 76 | 17 | 18 | 13 | 6 |
| Male | 27 | 4 | 24 | 74 | 75 | 15 | 18 | 11 | 7 |
| Female | 25 | 12 | 19 | 64 | 77 | 20 | 18 | 16 | 4 |
| Disadvantaged | 31 | 0 | 24 | 55 | 79 | 23 | 16 | 23 | 4 |
| Ever 6 FSM | 31 | 0 | 24 | 55 | 79 | 23 | 16 | 23 | 4 |
| Children looked after | 0 | N/A | 22 | N/A | 76 | N/A | 18 | N/A | 6 |
| Other | 21 | 19 | 24 | 90 | 79 | 10 | 16 | 0 | 4 |
| SEN EHCP | 3 | 0 | 22 | 0 | 76 | 0 | 18 | 100 | 6 |
| SEN support | 4 | 0 | 22 | 25 | 76 | 0 | 18 | 75 | 6 |
| No SEN | 45 | 9 | 25 | 78 | 84 | 20 | 15 | 2 | 2 |
| English first language | 51 | 8 | 22 | 69 | 76 | 18 | 18 | 14 | 6 |
| English additional language | 1 | 0 | 22 | 100 | 76 | 0 | 18 | 0 | 6 |

Science attainment by pupil group

| Key stage 1 science attainment by pupil group |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Breakdown | Cohort | At least expected standard in science |  |
|  |  | Sch \% | Nat \% |
| All pupils | 52 | 75 | 82 |
| Male | 27 | 74 | 80 |
| Female | 25 | 76 | 85 |
| Disadvantaged | 31 | 61 | 85 |
| Ever 6 FSM | 31 | 61 | 85 |
| Children looked after | 0 | N/A | 82 |
| Other | 21 | 95 | 85 |
| SEN EHCP | 3 | 0 | 82 |
| SEN support | 4 | 0 | 82 |
| No SEN | 45 | 87 | 90 |
| English first language | 51 | 75 | 82 |
| English additional language | 1 | 100 | 82 |

## Phonics performance measures

This is provisional data for 2018/19.

## Percentage achieving the expected standard in phonics

Number of pupils $=56$


Percentage achieving the expected standard in year 1

## Phonics average score

Number of pupils $=56$


## Attainment in phonics by mark

Number of pupils $=56$
School


## Attainment in phonics by \%

Number of pupils $=56$
$\square$ School $\quad \begin{aligned} & \text { Local authority } \quad \square \text { National }\end{aligned}$

(Wirral)


Phonics additional reports

Phonics year 1 attainment by pupil group

| Phonics year 1 attainment by pupil group |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Breakdown | Cohort | Number absent / didn't take the check | Number not achieving the expected standard | Number achieving expected standard | School \% | National \% | Average mark |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | School | National |
| All pupils | 56 | 0 | 4 | 52 | 93 | 82 | 36 | 34 |
| Male | 22 | 0 | 4 | 18 | 82 | 78 | 34 | 33 |
| Female | 34 | 0 | 0 | 34 | 100 | 85 | 38 | 35 |
| Disadvantaged | 37 | 0 | 3 | 34 | 92 | 84 | 36 | 34 |
| Ever 6 FSM | 35 | 0 | 3 | 32 | 91 | 84 | 36 | 34 |
| Children looked after | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 100 | 82 | 38 | 34 |
| Other | 19 | 0 | 1 | 18 | 95 | 84 | 37 | 34 |
| SEN EHCP | 2 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 50 | 82 | 28 | 34 |
| SEN support | 7 | 0 | 2 | 5 | 71 | 82 | 33 | 34 |
| No SEN | 47 | 0 | 1 | 46 | 98 | 88 | 37 | 35 |
| English first language | 55 | 0 | 4 | 51 | 93 | 82 | 36 | 34 |
| English additional language | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 100 | 82 | 39 | 34 |

Phonics year 2 attainment by pupil group

| Phonics year 2 attainment by pupil group |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Breakdown | Cohort | Number absent / didn't take the check | Number not achieving the expected standard | Number achieving expected standard | School \% | Average mark |
| All pupils | 14 | 0 | 3 | 11 | 79 | 35 |
| Male | 7 | 0 | 2 | 5 | 71 | 36 |
| Female | 7 | 0 | 1 | 6 | 86 | 35 |
| Disadvantaged | 11 | 0 | 3 | 8 | 73 | 34 |
| Ever 6 FSM | 11 | 0 | 3 | 8 | 73 | 34 |
| Children looked after | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | N/A | N/A |
| Other | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 100 | 39 |
| SEN EHCP | 3 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 27 |
| SEN support | 4 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 100 | 36 |
| No SEN | 7 | 0 | 0 | 7 | 100 | 39 |
| English first language | 13 | 0 | 3 | 10 | 77 | 35 |
| English additional language | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 100 | 38 |

## EYFS performance measures

This is final data for 2018/2019.

## Percentage of pupils achieving a good level of development

Number of pupils $=50$


Percentage of pupils achieving a good level of development

## EYFS additional reports

## Early years foundation stage attainment by pupil group report

| Percentage of pupils achieving a good level of development at end of the early years foundation stage |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Breakdown | All pupils | Male | Female | FSM | Non-FSM | SEN EHCP | SEN support | No SEN |
| Cohort | 50 | 32 | 18 | 19 | 31 | 2 | 1 | 47 |
| School \% | 54 | 38 | 83 | 42 | 61 | 0 | 100 | 55 |
| National \% | 72 | 66 | 78 | 74 | 74 | 72 | 72 | 77 |


| Percentage of pupils achieving at least the expected level in each of the learning goals |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Areas of learning | Early learning goals | Breakdown | All pupils | Male | Female | FSM | Non-FSM | SEN EHCP | SEN support | No SEN |
| Cohort |  |  | 50 | 32 | 18 | 19 | 31 | 2 | 1 | 47 |

## Prime areas of learning

| Communication and language | Listening and attention | School \% | 68 | 56 | 89 | 47 | 81 | 0 | 100 | 70 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Listening and attention | National \% | 86 | 81 | 91 | 87 | 87 | 86 | 86 | 90 |
|  | Understanding | School \% | 68 | 59 | 83 | 47 | 81 | 0 | 100 | 70 |
|  | Understanding | National \% | 86 | 82 | 90 | 87 | 87 | 86 | 86 | 90 |
|  | Speaking | School \% | 72 | 63 | 89 | 63 | 77 | 0 | 100 | 74 |
|  | Speaking | National \% | 85 | 81 | 90 | 87 | 87 | 85 | 85 | 90 |
| Physical development | Moving and handling | School \% | 84 | 75 | 100 | 79 | 87 | 0 | 100 | 87 |
|  | Moving and handling | National \% | 89 | 85 | 94 | 90 | 90 | 89 | 89 | 93 |
|  | Health and self-care | School \% | 84 | 75 | 100 | 74 | 90 | 0 | 100 | 87 |
|  | Health and self-care | National \% | 91 | 88 | 94 | 92 | 92 | 91 | 91 | 95 |
| Personal, social and emotional development | Self-confidence and self-awareness | School \% | 82 | 72 | 100 | 84 | 81 | 0 | 100 | 85 |
|  | Self-confidence and self-awareness | National \% | 88 | 85 | 92 | 90 | 90 | 88 | 88 | 93 |
|  | Managing feelings and behaviour | School \% | 78 | 66 | 100 | 63 | 87 | 0 | 100 | 81 |
|  | Managing feelings and behaviour | National \% | 87 | 83 | 92 | 89 | 89 | 87 | 87 | 92 |
|  | Making relationships | School \% | 78 | 66 | 100 | 74 | 81 | 0 | 100 | 81 |
|  | Making relationships | National \% | 89 | 85 | 93 | 90 | 90 | 89 | 89 | 94 |

## Specific areas of learning

| Literacy | Reading | School \% | 76 | 69 | 89 | 68 | 81 | 50 | 100 | 77 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Reading | National \% | 77 | 72 | 82 | 79 | 79 | 77 | 77 | 81 |
|  | Writing | School \% | 56 | 41 | 83 | 47 | 61 | 50 | 100 | 55 |
|  | Writing | National \% | 74 | 68 | 80 | 76 | 76 | 74 | 74 | 78 |
| Maths | Numbers | School \% | 68 | 56 | 89 | 47 | 81 | 0 | 100 | 70 |
|  | Numbers | National \% | 80 | 76 | 83 | 82 | 82 | 80 | 80 | 84 |
|  | Shape, space and measures | School \% | 68 | 56 | 89 | 47 | 81 | 0 | 100 | 70 |
|  | Shape, space and measures | National \% | 82 | 78 | 85 | 84 | 84 | 82 | 82 | 86 |
| Understanding the world | People and communities | School \% | 80 | 72 | 94 | 63 | 90 | 0 | 100 | 83 |
|  | People and communities | National \% | 86 | 82 | 90 | 87 | 87 | 86 | 86 | 90 |
|  | The world | School \% | 76 | 69 | 89 | 58 | 87 | 0 | 100 | 79 |
|  | The world | National \% | 85 | 82 | 89 | 87 | 87 | 85 | 85 | 90 |
|  | Technology | School \% | 90 | 84 | 100 | 84 | 94 | 0 | 100 | 94 |
|  | Technology | National \% | 93 | 92 | 95 | 94 | 94 | 93 | 93 | 96 |
| Expressive arts, designing and making | Exploring and using media and materials | School \% | 78 | 66 | 100 | 74 | 81 | 0 | 100 | 81 |
|  | Exploring and using media and materials | National \% | 89 | 84 | 94 | 90 | 90 | 89 | 89 | 93 |
|  | Being imaginative | School \% | 82 | 72 | 100 | 74 | 87 | 0 | 100 | 85 |

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| Areas of learning | Early learning goals | Breakdown | All pupils | Male | Female | FSM | Non-FSM | SEN EHCP | SEN support | No SEN |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Being imaginative | National \% | 89 | 84 | 94 | 90 | 90 | 89 | 89 | 93 |

## Absence

This data includes all absences reported during the 2018 / 2019 academic year (autumn term 2018, spring term 2019 and summer term 2019).

| Absence |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Breakdown | No. of enrolments in the school | Sessions missed due to absence |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | School \% | National \% | Persistent absentees - absent for $10 \%$ or more sessions |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | No. of enrolments that are persistent absentees | School \% | National \% |
| All pupils | 303 | 5.8 | 4.0 | 54 | 17.8 | 8.2 |
| Male | 164 | 6.1 | 4.1 | 35 | 21.3 | 8.6 |
| Female | 139 | 5.4 | 3.9 | 19 | 13.7 | 7.9 |
| Ever 6 FSM | 197 | 6.3 | 5.6 | 43 | 21.8 | 16.1 |
| Non-Ever 6 FSM | 105 | 4.9 | 3.5 | 11 | 10.5 | 5.4 |
| SEN EHCP | 20 | 6.1 | 7.0 | 3 | 15.0 | 19.8 |
| SEN support | 61 | 7.1 | 5.4 | 16 | 26.2 | 14.2 |
| No SEN | 220 | 5.4 | 3.7 | 35 | 15.9 | 6.8 |
| English first language | 297 | 5.8 | 4.0 | 53 | 17.8 | 8.2 |
| English additional language | 6 | 6.2 | 4.1 | 1 | 16.7 | 8.4 |

## Absence - 3 year trends

This is data for the absences reported in each of the last 3 full academic years.

| Absence - 3 year trends |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Breakdown | 2016/17 |  |  | 2017/18 |  |  | 2018/19 |  |  |
|  | Number of enrolments | School \% | National \% | Number of enrolments | School \% | National \% | Number of enrolments | School \% | National \% |
| Sessions missed due to overall absence (number of enrolments is the number of enrolments in the school) | 272 | 5.3 | 4.0 | 289 | 6.0 | 4.2 | 303 | 5.8 | 4.0 |
| Persistent absentees - absent for $10 \%$ or more sessions (number of enrolments is the number of enrolments who are persistent absentees) | 44 | 16.2 | 8.3 | 48 | 16.6 | 8.7 | 54 | 17.8 | 8.2 |

## Exclusions

This is data for the 2018/19 academic year.

| Exclusions |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Breakdown | Permanent exclusions |  |  | Fixed period exclusions |  |  | Pupils with 1 or more fixed period exclusions |  |  | Pupils with 2 or more fixed period exclusions |  |  |
|  | No. of pupils | School \% | National \% | No. of pupils | School \% | National \% | No. of pupils | School \% | National \% | No. of pupils | School \% | National \% |
| All pupils | 0 | 0.00 | 0.02 | 15 | 3.83 | 1.41 | 5 | 1.28 | 0.63 | 1 | 0.26 | 0.29 |
| Male | 0 | 0.00 | 0.04 | 15 | 6.94 | 2.41 | 5 | 2.31 | 1.07 | 1 | 0.46 | 0.51 |
| Female | 0 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0 | 0.00 | 0.36 | 0 | 0.00 | 0.17 | 0 | 0.00 | 0.07 |
| Ever 6 FSM | 0 | 0.00 | 0.06 | 13 | 6.50 | 3.86 | 3 | 1.50 | 1.67 | 1 | 0.50 | 0.81 |
| Non-Ever 6 FSM | 0 | 0.00 | 0.01 | 2 | 1.47 | 0.79 | 2 | 1.47 | 0.37 | 0 | 0.00 | 0.16 |
| SEN EHCP | 0 | 0.00 | 0.18 | 0 | 0.00 | 13.61 | 0 | 0.00 | 5.56 | 0 | 0.00 | 3.32 |
| SEN support | 0 | 0.00 | 0.12 | 13 | 22.81 | 6.90 | 3 | 5.26 | 2.89 | 1 | 1.75 | 1.49 |
| No SEN | 0 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 2 | 0.65 | 0.38 | 2 | 0.65 | 0.21 | 0 | 0.00 | 0.06 |
| English first language | 0 | 0.00 | 0.03 | 15 | 3.91 | 1.65 | 5 | 1.30 | 0.72 | 1 | 0.26 | 0.35 |
| English additional language | 0 | 0.00 | 0.01 | 0 | 0.00 | 0.50 | 0 | 0.00 | 0.29 | 0 | 0.00 | 0.09 |

## Exclusions - 3 year trends

This is data for the exclusions reported in each of the last 3 full academic years.

| Exclusions - 3 year trends |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Breakdown | 2016/17 |  |  | 2017/18 |  |  | 2018/19 |  |  |
|  | Number for school | School \% | National \% | Number for school | School \% | National \% | Number for school | School \% | National \% |
| Permanent exclusions as a percentage of the pupil group | 0 | 0.00 | 0.03 | 0 | 0.00 | 0.03 | 0 | 0.00 | 0.02 |
| Fixed period exclusions as a percentage of the pupil group | 4 | 1.15 | 1.37 | 6 | 1.54 | 1.40 | 15 | 3.83 | 1.41 |
| Pupils with 1 or more fixed period exclusions | 3 | 0.86 | 0.62 | 3 | 0.77 | 0.62 | 5 | 1.28 | 0.63 |
| Pupils with 2 or more fixed period exclusions | 1 | 0.29 | 0.29 | 1 | 0.26 | 0.29 | 1 | 0.26 | 0.29 |

## School characteristics

## Basic characteristics trends

This is final data for 2018/2019 (January 2019 census data).
For a small number of schools there may be slight discrepancies between school characteristics data displayed in ASP and data in the IDSR. This is because the IDSR is based on the January school census but ASP data has incorporated some updates made after the January school census.

| Up to Key stage 2 basic characteristics trends |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Breakdown | 2017 |  | 2018 |  | 2019 |  |
|  | School | National | School | National | School | National |
| Number on roll | 349 | 279 | 390 | 281 | 392 | 282 |
| Male \% | 54.4 | 51.0 | 54.6 | 51.0 | 55.1 | 51.0 |
| Female \% | 45.6 | 49.0 | 45.4 | 49.0 | 44.9 | 49.0 |
| Ever 6 FSM \% | 63.7 | 24.3 | 63.7 | 23.5 | 60.4 | 23.0 |
| Minority ethnic groups \% | 4.9 | 32.3 | 4.4 | 32.9 | 5.1 | 33.8 |
| SEN EHCP \% | 6.3 | 1.3 | 5.6 | 1.4 | 6.4 | 1.6 |
| SEN support \% | 17.5 | 12.2 | 18.7 | 12.4 | 14.5 | 12.6 |
| English additional language \% | 1.2 | 20.7 | 1.8 | 20.9 | 2.0 | 21.2 |
| Stability \% | 76.6 | 85.7 | 77.2 | 85.8 | 76.5 | 85.6 |
| School deprivation indicator | 0.46 | 0.21 | 0.46 | 0.21 | 0.48 | 0.21 |

## Basic characteristics by national curriculum year group

This is final data for 2018/2019 (January 2019 census data).
For a small number of schools there may be slight discrepancies between school characteristics data displayed in ASP and data in the IDSR. This is because the IDSR is based on the January school census but ASP data has incorporated some updates made after the January school census.

| Basic characteristics by national curriculum year group |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| National curriculum year group | Number on roll | Male \% | Female \% | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Ever } 6 \text { FSM } \\ \% \end{array}$ | Minority ethnic groups \% | English additional language \% | $\begin{array}{r} \text { All SEN } \\ \% \end{array}$ | SEN EHCP \% | SEN support \% |
| 6 | 38 | 63 | 37 | 87 | 5 | 3 | 37 | 3 | 34 |
| 5 | 45 | 58 | 42 | 71 | 2 | 0 | 29 | 9 | 20 |
| 4 | 52 | 63 | 37 | 56 | 2 | 2 | 40 | 17 | 23 |
| 3 | 43 | 56 | 44 | 56 | 7 | 2 | 30 | 5 | 26 |
| 2 | 52 | 52 | 48 | 60 | 4 | 2 | 15 | 8 | 8 |
| 1 | 55 | 38 | 62 | 64 | 5 | 2 | 15 | 4 | 11 |
| Pre-compulsory | 98 | 58 | 42 | 37 | 8 | 3 | 5 | 3 | 2 |

## Prior attainment of pupils by year group

This is final data for 2018/2019 (January 2019 census data).
For a small number of schools there may be slight discrepancies between school characteristics data displayed in ASP and data in the IDSR. This is because the IDSR is based on the January school census but ASP data has incorporated some updates made after the January school census.


| Key stage 1 writing prior attainment by year group |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| School year | Greater depth |  | Expected standard |  | Working towards |  | Foundations |  | Below pre-key stage 1 |  |
|  | School | National | School | National | School | National | School | National | School | National |
| Year 5 | 0 | 13 | 42 | 64 | 38 | 26 | 9 | 5 | 7 | 1 |
| Year 4 | 0 | 15 | 50 | 67 | 35 | 24 | 2 | 5 | 13 | 1 |
| Year 3 | 7 | 16 | 56 | 70 | 26 | 22 | 12 | 5 | 7 | 1 |


| Key stage 1 maths prior attainment by year group |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| School year | Greater depth |  | Expected standard |  | Working towards |  | Foundations |  | Below pre-key stage 1 |  |
|  | School | National | School | National | School | National | School | National | School | National |
| Year 5 | 2 | 17 | 44 | 71 | 33 | 20 | 11 | 4 | 7 | 1 |
| Year 4 | 0 | 20 | 58 | 74 | 27 | 18 | 2 | 4 | 13 | 1 |
| Year 3 | 12 | 22 | 56 | 76 | 28 | 18 | 9 | 4 | 7 | 1 |

## Glossary

## Key stage 2 headline measures

## Progress score

These scores show how much progress pupils at this school made in reading, writing and maths between the end of key stage 1 and the end of key stage 2, compared to pupils across England who got similar results at the end of key stage 1

The scores are calculated by comparing the key stage 2 test and assessment results of pupils at this school with the results of pupils in schools across England who started with similar assessment results at the end of the previous key stage-key stage 1

In a small number of cases, pupils can have extremely negative progress scores that disproportionately affect a school's progress score. To reduce the impact of these extreme scores, we set a limit on how negative a pupil's progress score can be when calculating the school average. This will normally apply to 1 or 2 pupils if any.

Where a pupil's score is more negative than this minimum value, an adjusted score will replace the pupil's original progress score for the purpose of calculating a school's overall progress average. For further information, see the technical guidance.

In 2018/19, the new pre-key stage standards were used for the first time to report teacher assessment in reading, writing and maths for pupils working below the standard of national curriculum assessments engaged in subject-specific study. The progress methodology reflects this in the nominal points allocated for these pupils, only for the purpose of creating school level progress scores.
https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/primary-school-accountability

## Confidence interval

It is difficult to say with certainty how much of the progress scores are down to the school (which may have scored higher with a different group of pupils) and how much is down to the pupils (for example some may have performed well at any school). The confidence intervals reflect this uncertainty. If the confidence intervals for 2 schools overlap, then we can't say for certain that the 2 progress scores for these schools are significantly different.

Generally speaking, the greater the number of pupils, the smaller the range of the confidence interval. For smaller schools, the confidence interval tends to be larger, since fewer pupils are included, and therefore the score will be more greatly impacted by performance of individual pupils.

A school is above average if their progress score is above 0 and the whole confidence interval is above 0 . Similarly, a school is below average if their progress score is below 0 and the whole confidence interval is below 0 .

For more information on statistical confidence, and more detailed technical guidance in general, see:

## https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/primary-school-accountability

## Change in methodology

Attainment in reading, writing and maths (combined) is not directly comparable to earlier years (2016 and 2017) because of changes to the writing teacher assessment frameworks in 2017.
https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/teacher-assessment-frameworks-at-the-end-of-key-stage-2

## Achieving the expected standard or higher

Pupils are 'meeting the expected standard' if they achieve a 'scaled score' of 100 or more in their reading and maths tests, and their teacher assesses them as 'working at the expected standard' or better in writing. For a more detailed explanation, see Scaled scores at key stage 2, Key stage 2 teacher assessment and Primary school accountability.
https://www.gov.uk/guidance/scaled-scores-at-key-stage-2
https://www.gov.uk/government/collections/key-stage-2-teacher-assessment
https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/primary-school-accountability

## Percentage of pupils achieving the higher standard

Pupils are 'achieving at a higher standard' if they achieve a 'scaled score' of 110 or more in their reading and maths tests, and their teacher assesses them as 'working at a greater depth within the expected standard' in writing. This standard was set for the first time in 2016 by the Department for Education to provide information about pupils across England achieving in the top 5\%. For a more detailed explanation, see Scaled scores at key stage 2, Key stage 2 teacher assessment and Primary school accountability.
https://www.gov.uk/guidance/scaled-scores-at-key-stage-2
https://www.gov.uk/government/collections/key-stage-2-teacher-assessment
https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/primary-school-accountability

## Average score in reading

The average scaled score for each pupil group. The expected standard is a score of 100 or more. The higher standard is 110 or more. Scaled scores allow us to compare pupil group performance year on year. Read more about scaled scores.
https://www.gov.uk/guidance/scaled-scores-at-key-stage-2

## Average score in maths

The average scaled score for each pupil group. The expected standard is a score of 100 or more. The higher standard is 110 or more. Scaled scores allow us to compare pupil group performance year on year. Read more about scaled scores.
https://www.gov.uk/guidance/scaled-scores-at-key-stage-2

## National average

The data used for the national comparator is all state-funded schools in England. These include academies, free schools, local authority maintained schools and special schools.

## Local authority average

The data used for this comparator is all state-funded schools in this school's local authority.

## Key stage 2 disadvantaged

## Progress score

These scores show how much progress pupils at this school made in reading, writing and maths between the end of key stage 1 and the end of key stage 2, compared to pupils across England who got similar results at the end of key stage 1.

The scores are calculated by comparing the key stage 2 test and assessment results of pupils at this school with the results of pupils in schools across England who started with similar assessment results at the end of the previous key stage - key stage 1.

In a small number of cases, pupils can have extremely negative progress scores that disproportionately affect a school's progress score. To reduce the impact of these extreme scores, we set a limit on how negative a pupil's progress score can be when calculating the school average. This will normally apply to 1 or 2 pupils if any.

Where a pupil's score is more negative than this minimum value, an adjusted score will replace the pupil's original progress score for the purpose of calculating a school's overall progress average. For further information, see the technical guidance.

In 2018/19, the new pre-key stage standards were used for the first time to report teacher assessment in reading, writing and maths for pupils working below the standard of national curriculum assessments engaged in subject-specific study. The progress methodology reflects this in the nominal points allocated for these pupils, only for the purpose of creating school level progress scores.
https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/primary-school-accountability

## Confidence interval

It is difficult to say with certainty how much of the progress scores are down to the school (which may have scored higher with a different group of pupils) and how much is down to the pupils (for example some may have performed well at any school). The confidence intervals reflect this uncertainty. If the confidence intervals for 2 schools overlap, then we can't say for certain that the 2 progress scores for these schools are significantly different.

Generally speaking, the greater the number of pupils, the smaller the range of the confidence interval. For smaller schools, the confidence interval tends to be larger, since fewer pupils are included, and therefore the score will be more greatly impacted by performance of individual pupils.

A school is above average if their progress score is above 0 and the whole confidence interval is above 0 . Similarly, a school is below average if their progress score is below 0 and the whole confidence interval is below 0 .

For more information on statistical confidence, and more detailed technical guidance in general, see:
https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/primary-school-accountability

## National average for non-disadvantaged pupils

The comparator for this row is the national average for non-disadvantaged pupils at all state-funded schools in England. These include academies, free schools, local authority maintained schools and special schools.

This is the default DfE national comparator.

## Switch comparator

This button changes your view of disadvantaged pupils' data to a 'like-for-like' comparator based on the national average for disadvantaged pupils. This is different from the default DfE national comparator, which is the national average for non-disadvantaged pupils.

## Like-for-like national average

The comparator for this row is the national average for disadvantaged pupils. This is different from the default DfE national comparator, which is the national average for non-disadvantaged (and for Ever 6 FSM and CLA it is non-Ever 6 FSM and non-CLA) pupils.

## National average for disadvantaged pupils

The comparator for this row is the national average for disadvantaged children. This is different from the default DfE national comparator, which is the national average for non-disadvantaged children.

## Prior attainment of disadvantaged pupils - 3 year trends

Changes to eligibility criteria for Free School Meals (FSM) under Universal Credit has implications for schools' disadvantaged pupil data (for further information see the government response to eligibility for free school meals and the early years pupil premium under Universal Credit consultation). Schools' disadvantaged cohorts vary year on year and it is important to consider prior attainment when comparing performance. Where a school's disadvantaged cohort's attainment has increased or decreased significantly between years, this may partly be explained by changes in the size and makeup of the cohort. Furthermore, please treat disadvantaged pupil data with caution when comparing school performance nationally, until Universal Credit rollout is completed.
https://www.gov.uk/government/consultations/eligibility-for-free-school-meals-and-the-early-years-pupil-premium-under-universal-credit

## https://consult.education.gov.uk/healthy-pupil-unit/fsm/

## Change in methodology (Reading, writing and maths combined)

Attainment in reading, writing and maths (combined) is not directly comparable to earlier years (2016 and 2017) because of changes to writing teacher assessment frameworks in 2017.
https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/teacher-assessment-frameworks-at-the-end-of-key-stage-2

## Average score in reading

The average scaled score for each pupil group. The expected standard is a score of 100 or more. The higher standard is 110 or more. Scaled scores allow us to compare pupil group performance year on year. Read more about scaled scores.
https://mww.gov.uk/guidance/scaled-scores-at-key-stage-2

## Average score in maths

The average scaled score for each pupil group. The expected standard is a score of 100 or more. The higher standard is 110 or more. Scaled scores allow us to compare pupil group performance year on year. Read more about scaled scores.
https://www.gov.uk/guidance/scaled-scores-at-key-stage-2

## National average

The national comparator where columns show 'All' is 'All pupils'. Where the column shows 'Dis', the national comparator is 'Non-disadvantaged pupils'.

## Difference

The difference between the school's average and the national average for non-disadvantaged pupils. Figures are rounded, so there may be small discrepancies.
Read more about difference.
https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/primary-school-accountability

## National average for non-disadvantaged pupils

The comparator for this row is the national average for non-disadvantaged pupils at all state-funded schools in England. These include academies, free schools, local authority maintained schools and special schools.

## Prior attainment

## Reading low

Prior attainment is the attainment level of a pupil at the end of the previous key stage - key stage 1. These figures indicate how well a school helps all of its pupils to meet their potential. Low prior attainers achieved an average point score of below 12.

Read more about average point scores.
The national comparator used for this row is the national figure for low prior attainment in reading.
https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/primary-school-accountability

## Reading middle

Prior attainment is the attainment level of a pupil at the end of the previous key stage - key stage 1. These figures indicate how well a school helps all of its pupils to meet their potential. Middle prior attainers achieved an average point score of 12 or higher and below 18.
Read more about average point scores.
The national comparator used for this row is the national figure for middle prior attainment in reading.
https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/primary-school-accountability

## Reading high

Prior attainment is the attainment level of a pupil at the end of the previous key stage - key stage 1 . These figures indicate how well a school helps all of its pupils to meet their potential. High prior attainers achieved an average point score of 18 or higher.

## Read more about average point scores.

The national comparator used for this row is the national figure for high prior attainment in reading.
https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/primary-school-accountability

## Writing low

Prior attainment is the attainment level of a pupil at the end of the previous key stage - key stage 1 . These figures indicate how well a school helps all of its pupils to meet their potential. Low prior attainers achieved an average point score of below 12.

## Read more about average point scores.

The national comparator used for this row is the national figure for low prior attainment in writing.
https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/primary-school-accountability

## Writing middle

Prior attainment is the attainment level of a pupil at the end of the previous key stage - key stage 1. These figures indicate how well a school helps all of its pupils to meet their potential. Middle prior attainers achieved an average point score of 12 or higher and below 18.

Read more about average point scores.
The national comparator used for this row is the national figure for middle prior attainment in writing.
https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/primary-school-accountability

## Writing high

Prior attainment is the attainment level of a pupil at the end of the previous key stage - key stage 1. These figures indicate how well a school helps all of its pupils to meet their potential. High prior attainers achieved an average point score of 18 or higher.

Read more about average point scores.
The national comparator used for this row is the national figure for high prior attainment in writing.
https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/primary-school-accountability

## Maths low

Prior attainment is the attainment level of a pupil at the end of the previous key stage - key stage 1. These figures indicate how well a school helps all of its pupils to meet their potential. Low prior attainers achieved an average point score of below 12.

## Read more about average point scores

The national comparator used for this row is the national figure for low prior attainment in maths.
https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/primary-school-accountability

## Maths middle

Prior attainment is the attainment level of a pupil at the end of the previous key stage - key stage 1. These figures indicate how well a school helps all of its pupils to meet their potential. Middle prior attainers achieved an average point score of 12 or higher and below 18.
Read more about average point scores.

The national comparator used for this row is the national figure for middle prior attainment in maths.
https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/primary-school-accountability

## Maths high

Prior attainment is the attainment level of a pupil at the end of the previous key stage - key stage 1. These figures indicate how well a school helps all of its pupils to meet their potential. High prior attainers achieved an average point score of 18 or higher.
Read more about average point scores.
The national comparator used for this row is the national figure for high prior attainment in maths.
https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/primary-school-accountability

## Low prior attainment

Prior attainment is the attainment level of a pupil at the end of the previous key stage - key stage 1. These figures indicate how well a school helps all of its pupils to meet their potential. Low prior attainers achieved an average point score of below 12

Read more about average point scores.
https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/primary-school-accountability

## Middle prior attainment

Prior attainment is the attainment level of a pupil at the end of the previous key stage - key stage 1. These figures indicate how well a school helps all of its pupils to meet their potential. Middle prior attainers achieved an average point score of 12 or higher and below 18.

Read more about average point scores
https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/primary-school-accountability

## High prior attainment

Prior attainment is the attainment level of a pupil at the end of the previous key stage - key stage 1. These figures indicate how well a school helps all of its pupils to meet their potential. High prior attainers achieved an average point score of 18 or higher.

Read more about average point scores
https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/primary-school-accountability

## Key stage $\mathbf{2}$ three year average

If a school has converted from one school type to another in the last three years, three year averages on ASP will include results from the predecessor school.

## Percentage of pupils achieving the expected standard for reading, writing and maths, 2017-2019

Three year averages are an important way to show how schools are performing across time, smoothing out small variations in a single year, for example, due to a small cohort size. To take into account varying pupil numbers each year, the three-year average is weighted by the size of the school's cohort in each year.

## Change in methodology

Attainment in reading, writing and maths (combined) is not directly comparable to earlier years (2016 and 2017) because of changes to writing teacher assessment frameworks in 2017.
https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/teacher-assessment-frameworks-at-the-end-of-key-stage-2

## Percentage of pupils achieving the higher standard for reading, writing and maths, 2017-2019

Three year averages are an important way to show how schools are performing across time, smoothing out small variations in a single year, for example, due to a small cohort size. To take into account varying pupil numbers each year, the three-year average is weighted by the size of the school's cohort in each year.

## Change in methodology

Attainment in reading, writing and maths (combined) is not directly comparable to earlier years (2016 and 2017) because of changes to writing teacher assessment frameworks in 2017.
https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/teacher-assessment-frameworks-at-the-end-of-key-stage-2

## Average scaled score in reading 2017-2019

Three year averages are an important way to show how schools are performing across time, smoothing out small variations in a single year, for example, due to a small cohort size. To take into account varying pupil numbers each year, the three-year average is weighted by the size of the school's cohort in each year.

The average scaled score for each pupil group. The expected standard is a score of 100 or more. The higher standard is 110 or more. Scaled scores allow us to compare pupil group performance year on year. Read more about scaled scores
https://www.gov.uk/guidance/scaled-scores-at-key-stage-2

## Average scaled score in maths 2017-2019

Three year averages are an important way to show how schools are performing across time, smoothing out small variations in a single year, for example, due to a small cohort size. To take into account varying pupil numbers each year, the three-year average is weighted by the size of the school's cohort in each year.

The average scaled score for each pupil group. The expected standard is a score of 100 or more. The higher standard is 110 or more. Scaled scores allow us to compare pupil group performance year on year. Read more about scaled scores
https://www.gov.uk/guidance/scaled-scores-at-key-stage-2

## National average

The data used for the national comparator is all state-funded schools in England. These include academies, free schools, local authority maintained schools and special schools.

## Local authority average

The data used for this comparator is all state-funded schools in this school's local authority

## Key stage 2 results over 3 years

## Progress score

These scores show how much progress pupils at this school made in reading, writing and maths between the end of key stage 1 and the end of key stage 2, compared to pupils across England who got similar results at the end of key stage 1.

The scores are calculated by comparing the key stage 2 test and assessment results of pupils at this school with the results of pupils in schools across England who started with similar assessment results at the end of the previous key stage - key stage 1.

In a small number of cases, pupils can have extremely negative progress scores that disproportionately affect a school's progress score. To reduce the impact of these extreme scores, we set a limit on how negative a pupil's progress score can be when calculating the school average. This will normally apply to 1 or 2 pupils if any.

Where a pupil's score is more negative than this minimum value, an adjusted score will replace the pupil's original progress score for the purpose of calculating a school's overall progress average. For further information, see the technical guidance.

In 2018/19, the new pre-key stage standards were used for the first time to report teacher assessment in reading, writing and maths for pupils working below the standard of national curriculum assessments engaged in subject-specific study. The progress methodology reflects this in the nominal points allocated for these pupils, only for the purpose of creating school level progress scores.
https://mww.gov.uk/government/publications/primary-school-accountability

## Confidence interval

It is difficult to say with certainty how much of the progress scores are down to the school (which may have scored higher with a different group of pupils) and how much is down to the pupils (for example some may have performed well at any school). The confidence intervals reflect this uncertainty. If the confidence intervals for 2 schools overlap, then we can't say for certain that the 2 progress scores for these schools are significantly different.

Generally speaking, the greater the number of pupils, the smaller the range of the confidence interval. For smaller schools, the confidence interval tends to be larger, since fewer pupils are included, and therefore the score will be more greatly impacted by performance of individual pupils.

A school is above average if their progress score is above 0 and the whole confidence interval is above 0 . Similarly, a school is below average if their progress score is below 0 and the whole confidence interval is below 0 .

For more information on statistical confidence, and more detailed technical guidance in general, see:
https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/primary-school-accountability

## Change in methodology

We introduced a change in methodology for calculating progress scores. This means 2018 and 2019 scores are not directly comparable with 2017 scores.

## Percentage of pupils achieving the expected standard or higher

Pupils are 'meeting the expected standard' if they achieve a 'scaled score' of 100 or more in their reading and maths tests, and their teacher assesses them as 'working at the expected standard' or better in writing. For a more detailed explanation, see:
https://www.gov.uk/guidance/scaled-scores-at-key-stage-2
https://www.gov.uk/government/collections/key-stage-2-teacher-assessment

## Change in methodology

Attainment in reading, writing and maths (combined) is not directly comparable to earlier years (2016 and 2017) because of changes to writing teacher assessment frameworks in 2017.
https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/teacher-assessment-frameworks-at-the-end-of-key-stage-2

## Percentage of pupils achieving the higher standard

Pupils are 'achieving at a higher standard' if they achieve a 'scaled score' of 110 or more in their reading and maths tests, and their teacher assesses them as 'working at a greater depth within the expected standard' in writing. We set this standard for the first time in 2016 to provide information about pupils across England achieving in the top 5\%. For a more detailed explanation, see:
https://www.gov.uk/guidance/scaled-scores-at-key-stage-2
https://www.gov.uk/government/collections/key-stage-2-teacher-assessment
https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/primary-school-accountability

## Change in methodology

Attainment in reading, writing and maths (combined) is not directly comparable to earlier years (2016 and 2017) because of changes to writing teacher assessment frameworks in 2017.
https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/teacher-assessment-frameworks -at-the-end-of-key-stage-2

## Average scaled score in reading

The average scaled score for each pupil group. The expected standard is a score of 100 or more. The higher standard is 110 or more. Scaled scores allow us to compare pupil group performance year on year.
https://www.gov.uk/guidance/scaled-scores-at-key-stage-2

## Average scaled score in maths

The average scaled score for each pupil group. The expected standard is a score of 100 or more. The higher standard is 110 or more. Scaled scores allow us to compare pupil group performance year on year.
https://www.gov.uk/guidance/scaled-scores-at-key-stage-2

## National average

The data used for the national comparator is all state-funded schools in England. These include academies, free schools, local authority maintained schools and special schools.

## Local authority average

The data used for this comparator is all state-funded schools in this school's local authority.

## Key stage 2 headline reports

## Reading / Maths

## Progress score

These scores show how much progress pupils at this school made in reading, writing and maths between the end of key stage 1 and the end of key stage 2, compared to pupils across England who got similar results at the end of key stage 1

The scores are calculated by comparing the key stage 2 test and assessment results of pupils at this school with the results of pupils in schools across England who started with similar assessment results at the end of the previous key stage - key stage 1

In a small number of cases, pupils can have extremely negative progress scores that disproportionately affect a school's progress score. To reduce the impact of these extreme scores, we set a limit on how negative a pupil's progress score can be when calculating the school average. This will normally apply to 1 or 2 pupils if any.

Where a pupil's score is more negative than this minimum value, an adjusted score will replace the pupil's original progress score for the purpose of calculating a school's overall progress average. For further information, see the technical guidance.

In 2018/19, the new pre-key stage standards were used for the first time to report teacher assessment in reading, writing and maths for pupils working below the standard of national curriculum assessments engaged in subject-specific study. The progress methodology reflects this in the nominal points allocated for these pupils, only for the purpose of creating school level progress scores.
https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/primary-school-accountability

## Achieving the expected standard

A scaled score of 100 or higher. Scaled scores allow us to compare pupil group performance year on year.
Read more about scaled scores
https://www.gov.uk/guidance/scaled-scores-at-key-stage-2

## Achieving a higher standard

A scaled score of 110 or higher. Scaled scores allow us to compare pupil group performance year on year
Read more about scaled scores

## Average score

The average scaled score for each pupil group. The expected standard is a score of 100 or more. The higher standard is 110 or more. Scaled scores allow us to compare pupil group performance year on year.

Read more about scaled scores
https://www.gov.uk/guidance/scaled-scores-at-key-stage-2

## Writing

## Progress score

These scores show how much progress pupils at this school made in reading, writing and maths between the end of key stage 1 and the end of key stage 2, compared to pupils across England who got similar results at the end of key stage 1

The scores are calculated by comparing the key stage 2 test and assessment results of pupils at this school with the results of pupils in schools across England who started with similar assessment results at the end of the previous key stage - key stage 1.

In a small number of cases, pupils can have extremely negative progress scores that disproportionately affect a school's progress score. To reduce the impact of these extreme scores, we set a limit on how negative a pupil's progress score can be when calculating the school average. This will normally apply to 1 or 2 pupils if any.

Where a pupil's score is more negative than this minimum value, an adjusted score will replace the pupil's original progress score for the purpose of calculating a school's overall progress average. For further information, see the technical guidance.

In 2018/19, the new pre-key stage standards were used for the first time to report teacher assessment in reading, writing and maths for pupils working below the standard of national curriculum assessments engaged in subject-specific study. The progress methodology reflects this in the nominal points allocated for these pupils, only for the purpose of creating school level progress scores.
https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/primary-school-accountability

## Change in methodology

Changes made to the 2017/18 writing teacher assessment frameworks mean judgements are not directly comparable to those made using the previous interim frameworks in 2016 and 2017.
https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/teacher-assessment-frameworks-at-the-end-of-key-stage-2

## Achieved the expected standard

This refers to pupils who can write at a level meeting or exceeding the national standard.
Read more about writing standards
https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/teacher-assessment-frameworks-at-the-end-of-key-stage-2

## Achieved a greater depth

This refers to pupils who can write at a level clearly exceeding the national standard.
Read more about writing standards
https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/teacher-assessment-frameworks-at-the-end-of-key-stage-2

## Reading, writing and maths combined

## Change in methodology

Attainment in reading, writing and maths (combined) is not directly comparable to earlier years (2016 and 2017) because of changes to writing teacher assessment frameworks in 2017.

## https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/teacher-assessment-frameworks-at-the-end-of-key-stage-2

## Achieving the expected standard or higher

Pupils are 'meeting the expected standard' if they achieve a 'scaled score' of 100 or more in their reading and maths tests, and their teacher assesses them as 'working at the expected standard' or better in writing. For a more detailed explanation, see:
https://www.gov.uk/guidance/scaled-scores-at-key-stage-2
https://www.gov.uk/government/collections/key-stage-2-teacher-assessment
https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/primary-school-accountability

## Achieving the higher standard

Pupils are 'achieving at a higher standard' if they achieve a 'scaled score' of 110 or more in their reading and maths tests, and their teacher assesses them as 'working at a greater depth within the expected standard' in writing. For a more detailed explanation, see:
https://www.gov.uk/guidance/scaled-scores-at-key-stage-2
https://www.gov.uk/government/collections/key-stage-2-teacher-assessment
https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/primary-school-accountability

## KS2 Progress scatter plot

## Progress score

We calculate the scores by comparing the key stage 2 test and assessment results of pupils at this school with the results of pupils in schools across England who started with similar assessment results at the end of key stage 1.

See School performance tables: about the data for more information.
In a small number of cases, pupils can have extremely negative progress scores that disproportionately affect a school's overall progress score. To reduce the impact of these extreme scores, we set a limit on how negative a pupil's progress score can be when calculating the school average. This will normally apply to 1 or 2 pupils per school, if any.

Where a pupil's score is more negative than this minimum value, an adjusted score will replace the pupil's original progress score for the purpose of calculating a school's overall progress average. For further information, see the technical guidance.

In 2018/19, the new pre-key stage standards were used for the first time to report teacher assessment in reading, writing and maths for pupils working below the standard of national curriculum assessments engaged in subject-specific study. The progress methodology reflects this in the nominal points allocated for these pupils, only for the purpose of creating school level progress scores.
https://www.gov.uk/government/collections/school-performance-tables-about-the-data
https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/primary-school-accountability

## Key stage 1 prior attainment overall

This is a pupil's average performance at key stage 1 across reading, writing and mathematics. Read more about prior attainment.
https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/560969/Primary_school_accountability_summary.pdf.pdf

## Highlight pupils by

This highlight will show you either all pupils or your filter selections, broken down by your highlight selection (for example, male and female pupils). If you want to only see a particular selection of pupils (for example, male pupils only), use the filter options below.

## Number of pupils

Points on the scatter plot may overlap when 2 or more pupils' performance is similar. To view them more easily, use the 'Zoom in' tool above the scatter plot.

If you click on a point that overlaps with similar scores, you can scroll through these pupils' details by using the 'Next' prompt.
Please use the pupil list report as an alternative view of this pupil data.

## KS2 Attainment scatter plot

## Key stage 2 reading

The average scaled score for each pupil group. The expected standard is a score of 100 or more. The higher standard is 110 or more. Read more about scaled scores.

This scatter plot displays the outcomes of pupils who did the national curriculum assessments and achieved a scaled score and therefore not the outcomes of pupils working below the national curriculum assessment standard.
https://www.gov.uk/guidance/scaled-scores-at-key-stage-2

## Key stage $\mathbf{2}$ writing

Writing is teacher assessed and we report pupil attainment in line with the framework. The scatter plot includes the outcomes for pupils working below the standard of the test as reported against the pre key stage 2 standards.
https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/teacher-assessment-frameworks-at-the-end-of-key-stage-2
GDS
Working at greater depth.

## EXS

Working at the expected standard.

## WTS

Working towards the expected standard.

## Pre key stage 2 standards

Read more about pre key stage 2 standards.
https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/teacher-assessment-frameworks-at-the-end-of-key-stage-2

## Key stage 2 maths

The average scaled score for each pupil group. The expected standard is a score of 100 or more. The higher standard is 110 or more. Read more about scaled scores.

This scatter plot displays the outcomes of pupils who did the national curriculum assessments and achieved a scaled score and therefore not the outcomes of pupils working below the national curriculum assessment standard.
https://www.gov.uk/guidance/scaled-scores-at-key-stage-2

## Key stage 1 prior attainment overall

This is a pupil's average performance at key stage 1 across reading, writing and mathematics. Read more about prior attainment.

## Key stage 1 prior attainment in reading

This is a pupil's average performance at key stage 1 in reading. Read more about prior attainment.
https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/560969/Primary_school_accountability_summary.pdf.pdf

## Key stage 1 prior attainment in writing

This is a pupil's average performance at key stage 1 in writing. Read more about prior attainment.
https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/560969/Primary_school_accountability_summary.pdf.pdf

## Key stage 1 prior attainment in maths

This is a pupil's average performance at key stage 1 in maths. Read more about prior attainment.
https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/560969/Primary school accountability summary.pdf.pdf

## Highlight pupils by

This highlight will show you either all pupils or your filter selections, broken down by your highlight selection (for example, male and female pupils). If you want to only see a particular selection of pupils (for example, male pupils only), use the filter options below.

## Number of pupils

Points on the scatter plot may overlap when 2 or more pupils' performance is similar. To view them more easily, use the 'Zoom in' tool above the scatter plot.

If you click on a point that overlaps with similar scores, you can scroll through these pupils' details by using the 'Next' prompt.
Please use the pupil list report as an alternative view of this pupil data.

## Key stage 2 additional reports

## EGPS

## Expected standard

A scaled score of 100 or higher. Scaled scores allow us to compare pupil group performance year on year. Read more about scaled scores. https://www.gov.uk/guidance/scaled-scores-at-key-stage-2

## Higher standard

A scaled score of 110 or higher. Scaled scores allow us to compare pupil group performance year on year. Read more about scaled scores. https://www.gov.uk/guidance/scaled-scores-at-key-stage-2

## Average score

The average scaled score for each pupil group. The expected standard is a score of 100 or more. The higher standard is 110 or more. Scaled scores allow us to compare pupil group performance year on year.

Read more about scaled scores
https://www.gov.uk/guidance/scaled-scores-at-key-stage-2

## Science

At least the expected standard in science
A scaled score of 100 or higher. Scaled scores allow us to compare pupil group performance year on year.
Read more about scaled scores
https://www.gov.uk/guidance/scaled-scores-at-key-stage-2

## All key stage 2 pupil group reports

## National average

The data used for the national comparator is all state-funded schools in England. These include academies, free schools, local authority maintained schools and special schools.

## Male

The national comparator used in this row is the national average for male pupils.

## Female

The national comparator used in this row is the national average for female pupils.

## Disadvantaged (default)

Pupils may be defined as disadvantaged if:

- they are known to have been eligible for free school meals in the past 6 years, or
- they are recorded as having been looked after for at least one day, or

The national comparator for this row is the national average for non-disadvantaged children.

## Disadvantaged (like-for-like)

Pupils may be defined as disadvantaged if:

- they are known to have been eligible for free school meals in the past 6 years, or
- they are recorded as having been looked after for at least one day, or
- they are recorded as having been adopted from care

The comparator for this row is the national average for disadvantaged pupils. This is different to the default DfE national comparator.

## Ever 6 FSM (default)

Pupils known to have been eligible for free school meals in any of the previous 6 academic years, as well as those first known to be eligible in January of the year this data covers.

The national comparator used in this row is the national average for children who are not eligible for free school meals.

## Ever 6 FSM (like-for-like)

Pupils known to have been eligible for free school meals in any of the previous 6 academic years, as well as those first known to be eligible in January of the year this data covers.

The comparator for this row is the national average for Ever 6 FSM pupils. This is different to the default DfE national comparator.

## Children looked after (default)

This means children looked after by local authority for at least 1 day during the year and aged 4-15 as at 31 August. It excludes children looked after under an agreed series of short placements and also those who were on remand/committed for trial or sentence and accommodated by the local authority.

Small CLA cohorts in most schools mean you should treat this data with caution, in particular when comparing against national benchmarks. Also, note that ASP uses a different definition for the CLA national average compared to other DfE statistical publications covering attainment of looked after children.

The national comparator used in this row is the national average for pupils in state-funded schools who have not been looked after for 1 day for the year in question. Note that 'not looked after children' in this case will include pupils who may have been looked after previously but were not looked after for at least 1 day in the year in question as well have pupils who have never been looked after.
https://www.gov.uk/government/statistics/outcomes-for-children-looked-after-by-las-31-march-2018

## Children looked after (like-for-like)

This means children looked after by local authority for at least 1 day during the year and aged 4-15 as at 31 August. It excludes children looked after under an agreed series of short placements and also those who were on remand/committed for trial or sentence and accommodated by the local authority.

Small CLA cohorts in most schools mean you should treat this data with caution, in particular when comparing against national benchmarks. Also, note that ASP uses a different definition for the CLA national average compared to other DfE statistical publications covering attainment of looked after children

The national comparator used in this row is the national average for pupils in state-funded schools who have been looked after for at least 1 day for the year in question. This is different to the default DfE national comparator.
https://www.gov.uk/government/statistics/outcomes-for-children-looked-after-by-las-31-march-2018

## Other (default)

Non-disadvantaged children.
The national comparator used in this row is the national average for non-disadvantaged children.

## Other (like-for-like)

Non-disadvantaged children.
In this like-for-like view of the data, the national comparator used in this row remains the national average for non-disadvantaged children.

## Switch comparator

This button changes your view of disadvantaged pupils' data and its component measures Ever 6 FSM and CLA to a 'like-for-like' comparator based on the national average for each cohort of pupils.

This is different from the default DfE national comparator, which is the national average for non-disadvantaged, non-Ever 6 FSM and non-CLA pupils.

## Like-for-like national average

The comparators for disadvantaged pupils, Ever 6 FSM and CLA pupils are the national averages for disadvantaged pupils, Ever 6 FSM and CLA pupils.
This is different from the default DfE national comparator, which is the national average for non-disadvantaged, non-Ever 6 FSM and CLA.
The comparator for other pupils remains as non-disadvantaged pupils nationally.

## SEN EHCP

This refers to pupils with Special Educational Needs (SEN) who have learning difficulties or disabilities that make it harder for them to learn than most children of the same age. There's a formal assessment to decide if a pupil needs an education, health and care plan (EHCP).

The national comparator used in this row is the national average for all pupils.

## SEN support

This is when the school gives children extra or different help from its usual curriculum. Outside specialists may advise or support the class teacher and SEN coordinator.

The national comparator used in this row is the national average for all pupils.

## No SEN

Pupils with no Special Educational Needs.
The national comparator used in this row is the national average for pupils with no SEN.

## Non-mobile

Pupils who were on the school roll for the whole of years 5 and 6 .
The national comparator used in this row is the national average for pupils on the school roll for the whole of years 5 and 6 .

## English first language

This refers to children who were initially exposed to English during early development and continue to be exposed to English in the home or in the community.

The national comparator used in this row is the national average for all pupils.

## English additional language

This refers to children who were initially exposed to a non-English language during early development and continue to be exposed to this language in the home or in the community.

The national comparator used in this row is the national average for all pupils.

## Prior attainment

## Low overall

Prior attainment is the attainment level of a pupil at the end of the previous key stage - key stage 1. These figures indicate how well a school helps all of its pupils to meet their potential. Low prior attainers achieved an average point score of below 12. Read more about average point scores.

The national comparator used for this row is the national figure for low prior attainment overall.
https://mww.gov.uk/government/publications/primary-school-accountability

## Middle overall

Prior attainment is the attainment level of a pupil at the end of the previous key stage - key stage 1. These figures indicate how well a school helps all of its pupils to meet their potential. Middle prior attainers achieved an average point score of 12 or higher and below 18. Read more about average point scores.

The national comparator used for this row is the national figure for middle prior attainment overall.
https://mww.gov.uk/government/publications/primary-school-accountability

## High overall

Prior attainment is the attainment level of a pupil at the end of the previous key stage - key stage 1. These figures indicate how well a school helps all of its pupils to meet their potential. High prior attainers achieved an average point score of 18 or higher. Read more about average point scores.

The national comparator used for this row is the national figure for high prior attainment overall.

## Reading low

Prior attainment is the attainment level of a pupil at the end of the previous key stage - key stage 1. These figures indicate how well a school helps all of its pupils to meet their potential. Low prior attainers achieved an average point score of below 12. Read more about average point scores.

The national comparator used for this row is the national figure for low prior attainment in reading.
https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/primary-school-accountability

## Reading middle

Prior attainment is the attainment level of a pupil at the end of the previous key stage - key stage 1. These figures indicate how well a school helps all of its pupils to meet their potential. Middle prior attainers achieved an average point score of 12 or higher and below 18. Read more about average point scores.

The national comparator used for this row is the national figure for middle prior attainment in reading.
https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/primary-school-accountability

## Reading high

Prior attainment is the attainment level of a pupil at the end of the previous key stage - key stage 1. These figures indicate how well a school helps all of its pupils to meet their potential. High prior attainers achieved an average point score of 18 or higher. Read more about average point scores.

The national comparator used for this row is the national figure for high prior attainment in reading.
https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/primary-school-accountability

## Writing low

Prior attainment is the attainment level of a pupil at the end of the previous key stage - key stage 1. These figures indicate how well a school helps all of its pupils to meet their potential. Low prior attainers achieved an average point score of below 12. Read more about average point scores.

The national comparator used for this row is the national figure for low prior attainment in writing.
https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/primary-school-accountability

## Writing middle

Prior attainment is the attainment level of a pupil at the end of the previous key stage - key stage 1. These figures indicate how well a school helps all of its pupils to meet their potential. Middle prior attainers achieved an average point score of 12 or higher and below 18. Read more about average point scores.

The national comparator used for this row is the national figure for middle prior attainment in writing.
https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/primary-school-accountability

## Writing high

Prior attainment is the attainment level of a pupil at the end of the previous key stage - key stage 1. These figures indicate how well a school helps all of its pupils to meet their potential. High prior attainers achieved an average point score of 18 or higher. Read more about average point scores.

The national comparator used for this row is the national figure for high prior attainment in writing.
https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/primary-school-accountability

## Maths low

Prior attainment is the attainment level of a pupil at the end of the previous key stage - key stage 1. These figures indicate how well a school helps all of its pupils to meet their potential. Low prior attainers achieved an average point score of below 12. Read more about average point scores.

The national comparator used for this row is the national figure for low prior attainment in maths.
https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/primary-school-accountability

## Maths middle

Prior attainment is the attainment level of a pupil at the end of the previous key stage - key stage 1. These figures indicate how well a school helps all of its pupils to meet their potential. Middle prior attainers achieved an average point score of 12 or higher and below 18. Read more about average point scores.

The national comparator used for this row is the national figure for middle prior attainment in maths.
https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/primary-school-accountability

## Maths high

Prior attainment is the attainment level of a pupil at the end of the previous key stage - key stage 1. These figures indicate how well a school helps all of its pupils to meet their potential. High prior attainers achieved an average point score of 18 or higher. Read more about average point scores.

The national comparator used for this row is the national figure for high prior attainment in maths.
https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/primary-school-accountability

## Key stage 1 performance measures

## Percentage achieving the expected standard or higher in reading

The pupil achieved the expected standard or greater depth in reading. Read more about key stage 1 standards.
https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/teacher-assessment-frameworks-at-the-end-of-key-stage-1

## Percentage achieving greater depth in reading

The pupil achieved a greater depth in reading. Read more about key stage 1 standards.
https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/teacher-assessment-frameworks-at-the-end-of-key-stage-1

## Percentage achieving the expected standard or higher in writing

The pupil achieved the expected standard or greater depth in writing. Read more about key stage 1 standards.
https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/teacher-assessment-frameworks-at-the-end-of-key-stage-1

## Percentage achieving greater depth in writing

The pupil achieved a greater depth in writing. Read more about key stage 1 standards.
https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/teacher-assessment-frameworks-at-the-end-of-key-stage-1

## Percentage achieving the expected standard or higher in maths

The pupil achieved the expected standard or greater depth in maths. Read more about key stage 1 standards.
https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/teacher-assessment-frameworks-at-the-end-of-key-stage-1

## Percentage achieving greater depth in maths

The pupil achieved a greater depth in maths. Read more about key stage 1 standards.

## Local authority average

The data used for this comparator is all state-funded schools in this school's local authority.

## National average

The data used for the national comparator is all state-funded schools in England. These include academies, free schools, local authority maintained schools and special schools.

## Key stage 1 additional reports

## Reading

## Achieved greater depth

The pupil achieved a greater depth in reading. Read more about key stage 1 standards.
https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/teacher-assessment-frameworks-at-the-end-of-key-stage-1

## Achieved the expected standard or higher

The pupil achieved the expected standard or greater depth in reading. Read more about key stage 1 standards. https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/teacher-assessment-frameworks-at-the-end-of-key-stage-1

## Working towards

The pupil is working towards the expected standard of reading. Read more about key stage 1 standards.
https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/pre-key-stage-1-standards

## Pre-key stage 1 standards

Read more about the pre-key stage 1 standards.
https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/pre-key-stage-1-standards

## Writing

## Achieved greater depth

The pupil achieved a greater depth in writing. Read more about key stage 1 standards.
https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/teacher-assessment-frameworks-at-the-end-of-key-stage-1

## Achieved the expected standard or higher

The pupil achieved the expected standard or greater depth in writing. Read more about key stage 1 standards. https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/teacher-assessment-frameworks-at-the-end-of-key-stage-1

## Working towards

The pupil is working towards the expected standard of writing. Read more about key stage 1 standards https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/pre-key-stage-1-standards

## Pre-key stage 1 standards

Read more about the pre-key stage 1 standards.
https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/pre-key-stage-1-standards

## Maths

## Achieved greater depth

The pupil achieved a greater depth in maths. Read more about key stage 1 standards.
https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/teacher-assessment-frameworks-at-the-end-of-key-stage-1

## Achieved the expected standard or higher

The pupil achieved the expected standard or greater depth in maths. Read more about key stage 1 standards. https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/teacher-assessment-frameworks-at-the-end-of-key-stage-1

## Working towards

The pupil is working towards the expected standard of maths. Read more about key stage 1 standards.
https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/pre-key-stage-1-standards

## Pre-key stage 1 standards

Read more about the pre-key stage 1 standards.
https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/pre-key-stage-1-standards

## All key stage 1 pupil group reports

## Male

The national comparator used in this row is the national average for male pupils.

## Female

The national comparator used in this row is the national average for female pupils.

## Disadvantaged

Pupils may be defined as disadvantaged if:

- they are known to have been eligible for free school meals in the past 6 years, or
- they are recorded as having been looked after for at least one day, or
- they are recorded as having been adopted from care

The national comparator for this row is the national average for non-disadvantaged children.

## Ever 6 FSM

Pupils known to have been eligible for free school meals in any of the previous 6 academic years, as well as those first known to be eligible in January of the year this data covers.

The national comparator used in this row is the national average for children who are not eligible for free school meals.

## Children looked after

This means children looked after by local authority for at least 1 day during the year and aged 4-15 as at 31 August. It excludes children looked after under an agreed series of short placements and also those who were on remand/committed for trial or sentence and accommodated by the local authority.

Small CLA cohorts in most schools mean you should treat this data with caution, in particular when comparing against national benchmarks. Also, note that ASP uses a different definition for the CLA national average compared to other DfE statistical publications covering attainment of looked after children.

The national comparator used in this row is the national average for pupils in state-funded schools who have not been looked after for 1 day for the year in question. Note that 'not looked after children' in this case will include pupils who may have been looked after previously but were not looked after for at least 1 day in the year in question as well have pupils who have never been looked after.
https://www.gov.uk/government/statistics/outcomes-for-children-looked-after-by-las-31-march-2018

## Other

Non-disadvantaged children.
The national comparator used in this row is the national average for non-disadvantaged children.

## SEN EHCP

This refers to pupils with Special Educational Needs (SEN) who have learning difficulties or disabilities that make it harder for them to learn than most children of the same age. There's a formal assessment to decide if a pupil needs an Education, Health and Care Plan (EHCP).

The national comparator used in this row is the national average for all pupils.

## SEN support

This is when the school gives children extra or different help from its usual curriculum. Outside specialists may advise or support the class teacher and SEN coordinator.

The national comparator used in this row is the national average for all pupils.

## No SEN

Pupils with no Special Educational Needs.
The national comparator used in this row is the national average for pupils with no SEN.

## English first language

This refers to children who were initially exposed to English during early development and continue to be exposed to English in the home or in the community.

The national comparator used in this row is the national average for all pupils.

## English additional language

This refers to children who were initially exposed to a non-English language during early development and continue to be exposed to this language in the home or in the community.

The national comparator used in this row is the national average for all pupils.

## National average

The data used for the national comparator is all state-funded schools in England. These include academies, free schools, local authority maintained schools and special schools.

## Phonics performance measures

## Attainment in phonics by mark

This graph shows the distribution of pupils' marks in phonics. A mark of 32 or higher out of 40 is the expected standard for the phonics check.

## Attainment in phonics by \%

This graph shows the distribution of pupils' marks in phonics against national and local authority comparators. A mark of 32 or higher out of 40 is the expected standard for the phonics check.

## Marks in phonics check

Percentages have been rounded to nearest whole number, so may not sum to 100 .

## All Phonics pupil group reports

## Local authority average

The data used for this comparator is all state-funded schools in this school's local authority.

## National average

The data used for the national comparator is all state-funded schools in England. These include academies, free schools, local authority maintained schools and special schools.

## Year 1 attainment

## National average

The data used for the national comparator is all state-funded schools in England. These include academies, free schools, local authority maintained schools and special schools.

## Disadvantaged

Pupils may be defined as disadvantaged if:

- they are known to have been eligible for free school meals in the past 6 years, or
- they are recorded as having been looked after for at least one day, or
- they are recorded as having been adopted from care

The national comparator for this row is the national average for non-disadvantaged children.

## Ever 6 FSM

Pupils known to have been eligible for free school meals in any of the previous 6 academic years, as well as those first known to be eligible in January of the year this data covers.

The national comparator used in this row is the national average for children who are not eligible for free school meals.

## Children looked after

This means children looked after by local authority for at least 1 day during the year and aged 4-15 as at 31 August. It excludes children looked after under an agreed series of short placements and also those who were on remand/committed for trial or sentence and accommodated by the local authority.

Small CLA cohorts in most schools mean you should treat this data with caution, in particular when comparing against national benchmarks. Also, note that ASP uses a different definition for the CLA national average compared to other DfE statistical publications covering attainment of looked after children.

The national comparator used in this row is the national average for pupils in state-funded schools who have not been looked after for 1 day for the year in question. Note that 'not looked after children' in this case will include pupils who may have been looked after previously but were not looked after for at least 1 day in the year in question as well have pupils who have never been looked after.
https://www.gov.uk/government/statistics/outcomes-for-children-looked-after-by-las-31-march-2018

## Other

Non-disadvantaged children.
The national comparator used in this row is the national average for non-disadvantaged children.

## SEN EHCP

This refers to pupils with Special Educational Needs (SEN) who have learning difficulties or disabilities that make it harder for them to learn than most children of the same age. There's a formal assessment to decide if a pupil needs an education, health and care plan (EHCP).

The national comparator used in this row is the national average for all pupils.

## SEN support

This is when the school gives children extra or different help from its usual curriculum. Outside specialists may advise or support the class teacher and SEN coordinator.

The national comparator used in this row is the national average for all pupils.

## No SEN

Pupils with no Special Educational Needs.
The national comparator used in this row is the national average for pupils with no SEN.

## English first language

This refers to children who were initially exposed to English during early development and continue to be exposed to English in the home or in the community.

The national comparator used in this row is the national average for all pupils.

## English additional language

This refers to children who were initially exposed to a non-English language during early development and continue to be exposed to this language in the home or in the community.

The national comparator used in this row is the national average for all pupils.

## Year 2 attainment

## Cohort

The overall 'Cohort' figure for Year 2 Phonics also includes any pupils who were expected to take the Year 2 Phonics check, but for whom no data was recorded.

## Disadvantaged

Pupils may be defined as disadvantaged if:

- they are known to have been eligible for free school meals in the past 6 years, or
- they are recorded as having been looked after for at least one day, or
- they are recorded as having been adopted from care

The national comparator for this row is the national average for non-disadvantaged children.

## Ever 6 FSM

Pupils known to have been eligible for free school meals in any of the previous 6 academic years, as well as those first known to be eligible in January of the year this data covers.

The national comparator used in this row is the national average for children who are not eligible for free school meals.

## Children looked after

This means children looked after by local authority for at least 1 day during the year and aged 4-15 as at 31 August. It excludes children looked after under an agreed series of short placements and also those who were on remand/committed for trial or sentence and accommodated by the local authority.

Small CLA cohorts in most schools mean you should treat this data with caution, in particular when comparing against national benchmarks. Also, note that ASP uses a different definition for the CLA national average compared to other DfE statistical publications covering attainment of looked after children.

The national comparator used in this row is the national average for pupils in state-funded schools who have not been looked after for 1 day for the year in question. Note that 'not looked after children' in this case will include pupils who may have been looked after previously but were not looked after for at least 1 day in the year in question as well have pupils who have never been looked after.
https://www.gov.uk/government/statistics/outcomes-for-children-looked-after-by-las-31-march-2018

## Other

Non-disadvantaged children.
The national comparator used in this row is the national average for non-disadvantaged children.

## SEN EHCP

This refers to pupils with Special Educational Needs (SEN) who have learning difficulties or disabilities that make it harder for them to learn than most children of the same age. There's a formal assessment to decide if a pupil needs an education, health and care plan (EHCP).

The national comparator used in this row is the national average for all pupils.

## SEN support

This is when the school gives children extra or different help from its usual curriculum. Outside specialists may advise or support the class teacher and SEN coordinator.

The national comparator used in this row is the national average for all pupils.
No SEN
Pupils with no Special Educational Needs.
The national comparator used in this row is the national average for pupils with no SEN.

## English first language

This refers to children who were initially exposed to English during early development and continue to be exposed to English in the home or in the community.

The national comparator used in this row is the national average for all pupils.

## English additional language

This refers to children who were initially exposed to a non-English language during early development and continue to be exposed to this language in the Page 57 of 68

## home or in the community

The national comparator used in this row is the national average for all pupils.

## EYFS performance measures

## Percentage of pupils achieving a good level of development

Children achieving a good level of development are those achieving at least the expected level in these areas of learning:

- communication and language
- physical development
- personal, social and emotional development
- literacy
- maths


## Local authority average

The data used for this comparator is all state-funded schools in this school's local authority.

## National average

The data used for the national comparator is all state-funded schools in England. These include academies, free schools, local authority maintained schools and special schools.

## EYFS additional reports

## Percentage of pupils achieving a good level of development

Children achieving a good level of development are those achieving at least the expected level in these areas of learning:

- communication and language
- physical development
- personal, social and emotional development
- literacy
- maths


## FSM

Pupils known to have been eligible for free school meals on census day in January of the year this data covers.
The national comparator used in this column is the national average for children who were not eligible for free school meals on census day in January of the year this data covers.

## Non-FSM

Pupils who were not eligible for free school meals on census day in January of the year this data covers.
The national comparator used in this column is the national average for children who were not eligible for free school meals on census day in January of the year this data covers.

## SEN EHCP

This refers to pupils with Special Educational Needs (SEN) who have learning difficulties or disabilities that make it harder for them to learn than most children of the same age. There's a formal assessment to decide if a pupil needs an education, health and care plan (EHCP).

The national comparator used in this column is the national average for all pupils.

## SEN support

This is when the school gives children extra or different help from its usual curriculum. Outside specialists may advise or support the class teacher and SEN coordinator.

The national comparator used in this column is the national average for all pupils.

## No SEN

Pupils with no Special Educational Needs and those whose SEN provision could not be determined.
The national comparator used in this column is the national average for pupils with no SEN and those whose SEN provision could not be determined.

## National average

The data used for the national comparator is all state-funded schools in England. These include academies, free schools, local authority maintained schools and special schools.

## Percentage of pupils achieving at least the expected level

The percentage of children achieving 'expected' or 'exceeded' in each early learning goal.

## FSM

Pupils known to have been eligible for free school meals on census day in January of the year this data covers.
The national comparator used in this column is the national average for children who were not eligible for free school meals on census day in January of the year this data covers.

## Non-FSM

Pupils who were not eligible for free school meals on census day in January of the year this data covers.
The national comparator used in this column is the national average for children who were not eligible for free school meals on census day in January of
the year this data covers.

## SEN EHCP

This refers to pupils with Special Educational Needs (SEN) who have learning difficulties or disabilities that make it harder for them to learn than most children of the same age. There's a formal assessment to decide if a pupil needs an education, health and care plan (EHCP).

The national comparator used in this column is the national average for all pupils.

## SEN support

This is when the school gives children extra or different help from its usual curriculum. Outside specialists may advise or support the class teacher and SEN coordinator.

The national comparator used in this column is the national average for all pupils.

## No SEN

Pupils with no Special Educational Needs and those whose SEN provision could not be determined.
The national comparator used in this column is the national average for pupils with no SEN and those whose SEN provision could not be determined.

## National average

The data used for the national comparator is all state-funded schools in England. These include academies, free schools, local authority maintained schools and special schools

## Communication and language

Experiencing a rich language environment and developing confidence and skills in expressing themselves.
Find out more:
https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/596629/EYFS_STATUTORY_FRAMEWORK_2017.pdf

## Physical development

Being active and interactive, and developing coordination, control and movement.
Find out more:
https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/596629/EYFS_STATUTORY_FRAMEWORK_2017.pdf

## Personal, social and emotional development

Forming positive relationships and respect for others, as well as social skills and managing their feelings.
Find out more:
https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/596629/EYFS_STATUTORY_FRAMEWORK_2017.pdf

## Literacy

Linking sounds and letters, and beginning to read and write.
Find out more:
https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/596629/EYFS STATUTORY_FRAMEWORK 2017.pdf

## Maths

Developing skills in counting, understanding and using numbers.
Find out more:
https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/596629/EYFS_STATUTORY_FRAMEWORK_2017.pdf

## Understanding the world

Making sense of the physical world and the community where they live.
Find out more:
https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/596629/EYFS_STATUTORY_FRAMEWORK_2017.pdf

## Expressive arts, design and making

Exploring and playing with a wide range of media and materials, as well as opportunities for sharing their thoughts, ideas and feelings.
Find out more:
https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/596629/EYFS_STATUTORY_FRAMEWORK_2017.pdf


#### Abstract

Absence

\section*{Absence}

For schools which opened or closed part way through this period, their absence information will be based on a shorter period. The national comparators shown are based on a breakdown of state-funded primary, state-funded secondary and special schools, in line with statistical releases on absence.

Read more about the methodology used for compiling absence statistics. https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/absence-statistics-guide

\section*{National average}

The national comparator used for primary schools is all state-funded mainstream primary schools in England. The national comparator used for secondary schools is all state-funded mainstream secondary schools in England. The national comparator for special schools used here is the national average for special schools. Included in these are academies, free schools and local authority maintained schools. Special schools also include non-maintained special schools.

\section*{Male}

The national comparator used in this row is the national average for male pupils.

\section*{Female}


The national comparator used in this row is the national average for female pupils.

## Ever 6 FSM

Pupils known to have been eligible for free school meals in any of the previous 6 academic years, as well as those first known to be eligible in January of the year this data covers.

The national comparator used in this row is the national average for children who are eligible for free school meals.

## Non-Ever 6 FSM

Pupils who were not eligible for free school meals in any of the previous 6 academic years.
The national comparator used in this row is the national average for children who are not eligible for free school meals.

## SEN EHCP

This refers to pupils with Special Educational Needs (SEN) who have learning difficulties or disabilities that make it harder for them to learn than most children of the same age. There's a formal assessment to decide if a pupil needs an education, health and care plan (EHCP).

The national comparator used in this row is the national average for pupils with an EHCP.

## SEN support

This is when the school gives children extra or different help from its usual curriculum. Outside specialists may advise or support the class teacher and SEN coordinator.

The national comparator used in this row is the national average for pupils with SEN support.

## No SEN

Pupils with no Special Educational Needs.
The national comparator used in this row is the national average for pupils with no SEN.

## English first language

This refers to children who were initially exposed to English during early development and continue to be exposed to English in the home or in the community.

The national comparator used in this row is the national average for pupils with English as their first language.

## English additional language

This refers to children who were initially exposed to a non-English language during early development and continue to be exposed to this language in the home or in the community.

The national comparator used in this row is the national average for pupils with English as an additional language.

## Absence - 3 year trends

For schools which opened or closed part way through this period, their absence information will be based on a shorter period.
Read more about the methodology used for compiling absence statistics
https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/absence-statistics-guide

## National average

The national comparator used for primary schools is all state-funded mainstream primary schools in England. The national comparator used for secondary schools is all state-funded mainstream secondary schools in England. The national comparator for special schools used here is the national average for special schools. Included in these are academies, free schools and local authority maintained schools. Special schools also include non-maintained special schools.

## Exclusions

## Exclusions

For schools which opened or closed part way through this period, their exclusions information will be based on a shorter period.
The national comparators shown are based on a breakdown of state-funded primary, state-funded secondary and special schools, in line with statistical releases on exclusions.

Read more about the methodology used for compiling exclusion statistics.
https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/exclusions-statistics-guide

## National average

The national comparator used for primary schools is all state-funded mainstream primary schools in England. The national comparator used for secondary schools is all state-funded mainstream secondary schools in England. The national comparator for special schools used here is the national average for special schools. Included in these are academies, free schools and local authority maintained schools. Special schools also include non-maintained special schools.

## Male

The national comparator used in this row is the national average for male pupils.

## Female

The national comparator used in this row is the national average for female pupils.

## Ever 6 FSM

Pupils known to have been eligible for free school meals in any of the previous 6 academic years, as well as those first known to be eligible in January of the year this data covers.

The national comparator used in this row is the national average for children who are eligible for free school meals.

## Non-Ever 6 FSM

Pupils who were not eligible for free school meals in any of the previous 6 academic years.
The national comparator used in this row is the national average for children who are not eligible for free school meals.

## SEN EHCP

This refers to pupils with Special Educational Needs (SEN) who have learning difficulties or disabilities that make it harder for them to learn than most children of the same age. There's a formal assessment to decide if a pupil needs an education, health and care plan (EHCP).

The national comparator used in this row is the national average for pupils with EHCP.

## SEN support

This is when the school gives children extra or different help from its usual curriculum. Outside specialists may advise or support the class teacher and SEN coordinator.

The national comparator used in this row is the national average for pupils with SEN support.

## No SEN

Pupils with no Special Educational Needs.
The national comparator used in this row is the national average for pupils with no SEN.

## English first language

This refers to children who were initially exposed to English during early development and continue to be exposed to English in the home or in the community.

The national comparator used in this row is the national average for pupils with English as their first language.

## English additional language

This refers to children who were initially exposed to a non-English language during early development and continue to be exposed to this language in the home or in the community.

The national comparator used in this row is the national average for pupils with English as an additional language.

## Exclusions - 3 year trends

For schools which opened or closed part way through this period, their exclusions information will be based on a shorter period.
The national comparators shown are based on a breakdown of state-funded primary, state-funded secondary and special schools, in line with statistical releases on exclusions.

Read more about the methodology used for compiling exclusion statistics.
https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/exclusions-statistics-guide

## National average

The national comparator used for primary schools is all state-funded mainstream primary schools in England. The national comparator used for secondary schools is all state-funded mainstream secondary schools in England. The national comparator for special schools used here is the national average for special schools. Included in these are academies, free schools and local authority maintained schools. Special schools also include non-maintained special schools.

## School characteristics

## Basic characteristics trends

## Up to Key stage 5 basic characteristics trends

## National average

The national comparator used for primary schools is all state-funded mainstream primary schools in England. The national comparator used for secondary schools is all state-funded mainstream secondary schools in England. For all-through schools, the national comparator is all state-funded mainstream secondary schools in England. The national comparator used for special schools is all state-funded special schools in England. 2017 and 2018 figures are not available as this is a new measure. Included in these are academies, free schools, local authority maintained schools and special schools.

## Male

The national comparator used in this row is the national average for male pupils.

## Female

The national comparator used in this row is the national average for female pupils.

## Ever 6 FSM

Pupils known to have been eligible for free school meals in any of the previous 6 academic years, as well as those first known to be eligible in January of the year this data covers.

The national comparator used in this row is the national average for children who are eligible for free school meals.

## Minority ethnic groups

Pupils who are not white British.
The national comparator used in this row is the national average for non-white British pupils.

## SEN EHCP

This refers to pupils with Special Educational Needs (SEN) who have learning difficulties or disabilities that make it harder for them to learn than most children of the same age. There's a formal assessment to decide if a pupil needs an education, health and care plan (EHCP).

The national comparator used in this row is the national average for pupils with SEN with EHCP.

## SEN support

This is when the school gives children extra or different help from its usual curriculum. Outside specialists may advise or support the class teacher and SEN coordinator.

The national comparator used in this row is the national average for pupils with SEN support.

## English additional language

This refers to children who were initially exposed to a non-English language during early development and continue to be exposed to this language in the home or in the community.

The national comparator used in this row is the national average for pupils with English as an additional language.

## Stability \%

Stability is a measure of the percentage of students who were admitted to the school at the standard time of admission. The stability percentage is found by dividing pupils considered stable by all eligible pupils (pupils in years 1 to 11 and with current single or current main dual registration at the school).

The national comparator used in this row is the national average for stable pupils.

## School deprivation indicator

Pupils living in an area of income deprived families.
The national comparator used in this row is the national average for pupils living in an area of income deprived families.

## Basic characteristics by national curriculum year group

## Ever 6 FSM

Pupils known to have been eligible for free school meals in any of the previous 6 academic years, as well as those first known to be eligible in January of the year this data covers.

## Minority ethnic groups

Pupils who are not white British.

## English additional language

This refers to children who were initially exposed to a non-English language during early development and continue to be exposed to this language in the home or in the community.

## All SEN

Includes SEN pupils with an education, health and care plan and SEN support pupils.

## SEN EHCP

This refers to pupils with Special Educational Needs (SEN) who have learning difficulties or disabilities that make it harder for them to learn than most children of the same age. There's a formal assessment to decide if a pupil needs an education, health and care plan (EHCP).

## SEN support

This is when the school gives children extra or different help from its usual curriculum. Outside specialists may advise or support the class teacher and SEN coordinator.

## Post-compulsory

The post-compulsory stage is key stage 5 (16-18 provision).

## Pre-compulsory

The pre-compulsory stage is nursery/ reception (Early years foundation stage profile level).

## Prior attainment of pupils by year group

## Prior attainment data

This data shows the previous key stage prior attainment for each school year. For example, the year 11 row shows the prior attainment of pupils at key stage 2, when they were in year 6 .

## National average

The data used for the national comparator is all state-funded schools in England. These include academies, free schools, local authority maintained schools and special schools.

## Key stage 2 prior attainment by year group (years 10 and 11)

## High overall

Prior attainment is the attainment level of a pupil at the end of the previous key stage - key stage 2 . These figures indicate how well a school helps all of its pupils to meet their potential. High prior attainers achieved an average point score of 30 or higher. Read more about average point scores.
https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/primary-school-accountability

## Middle overall

Prior attainment is the attainment level of a pupil at the end of the previous key stage - key stage 2 . These figures indicate how well a school helps all of its pupils to meet their potential. Middle prior attainers achieved an average point score of 24 or higher and below 30. Read more about average point scores.
https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/primary-school-accountability

## Low overall

Prior attainment is the attainment level of a pupil at the end of the previous key stage - key stage 2 . These figures indicate how well a school helps all of its pupils to meet their potential. Low prior attainers achieved an average point score of below 24 . Read more about average point scores.
https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/primary-school-accountability

## Key stage 2 prior attainment by year group (years 7, 8 and 9)

## Average scaled score

This score is an average for pupils in the school. The expected standard is a score of 100 or more. The higher standard is 110 or more. For a more detailed explanation, see Scaled scores at key stage 2.
https://www.gov.uk/guidance/scaled-scores-at-key-stage-2

## Achieving the expected standard

Pupils are meeting the expected standard if they achieve a scaled score of 100 or more in their reading and maths tests, and their teacher assesses them as 'working at the expected standard' or better in writing. For a more detailed explanation, see Scaled scores at key stage 2.
https://www.gov.uk/guidance/understanding-scaled-scores-at-key-stage-2

## Achieving the expected standard

Pupils are meeting the expected standard if their teacher assesses them as 'working at the expected standard' or better in writing.

## Key stage 1 prior attainment by year group

## High overall

Prior attainment is the attainment level of a pupil at the end of the previous key stage - key stage 1. These figures indicate how well a school helps all of its pupils to meet their potential. High prior attainers achieved an average point score of 18 or higher. Read more about average point scores.
https://mww.gov.uk/government/publications/primary-school-accountability

## Middle overall

Prior attainment is the attainment level of a pupil at the end of the previous key stage - key stage 1. These figures indicate how well a school helps all of its pupils to meet their potential. Middle prior attainers achieved an average point score of 12 or higher and below 18. Read more about average point scores.
https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/primary-school-accountability

## Low overall

Prior attainment is the attainment level of a pupil at the end of the previous key stage - key stage 1. These figures indicate how well a school helps all of its pupils to meet their potential. Low prior attainers achieved an average point score of below 12. Read more about average point scores.
https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/primary-school-accountability

## Key stage 1 reading prior attainment by year group

## Achieved greater depth

The pupil achieved a greater depth of reading, compared to the standard.

## Achieving the expected standard

The pupil achieved or exceeded the expected standard of reading.

## Working towards

The pupil exceeded the pre-key stage 1 standard of reading and was working towards the key stage 1 standard.

## Foundations

The pupil achieved the pre-key stage 1 standard of reading.

## Below pre-key stage 1

The pupil did not achieve the pre-key stage 1 standard of reading.

## Key stage 1 writing prior attainment by year group

## Achieved greater depth

The pupil achieved a greater depth of writing, compared to the standard.

## Achieving the expected standard

The pupil achieved or exceeded the expected standard of writing.

## Working towards

The pupil exceeded the pre-key stage 1 standard of writing and was working towards the key stage 1 standard.

## Foundations

The pupil achieved the pre-key stage 1 standard of writing.

## Below pre-key stage 1

The pupil did not achieve the pre-key stage 1 standard of writing.

## Key stage 1 maths prior attainment by year group

## Achieved greater depth

The pupil achieved a greater depth of maths, compared to the standard.

## Achieving the expected standard

The pupil achieved or exceeded the expected standard of maths.

## Working towards

The pupil exceeded the pre-key stage 1 standard of maths and was working towards the key stage 1 standard.

## Foundations

The pupil achieved the pre-key stage 1 standard of maths.

## Below pre-key stage 1

The pupil did not achieve the pre-key stage 1 standard of maths.

