Long Term Planning

<u>Autumn A</u>	<u>Autumn B</u>	<u>Spring A</u>	<u>Spring B</u>	Summer A	Summer B
<u> Main Theme</u>	Main Theme	Main Theme	Main Theme	Main Theme	Main Theme
Marvellous Me	Festivals and	Where should we go?	How do things change in	Going on an adventure	Our Wonderful World-
Oracy P1/P2/SE1 and 2/L1	celebrations	journeys and transport	Spring?	Oracy L2/C1/C2/SE2	Oracy C3/L1/L2
•	Autumn	Oracy	Oracy		P1/P2
	Oracy P1/P2/SE2/L1	L2/C1/C2/SE1/SE2	L2/C1/C2/SE2/C3		
Christian Values: Respect and	d Friendship,	Christian Values: Perseve	rance and Forgiveness	Christian Values: Trust,	Honesty
Thankfulness					
RE		RE		RE	
Good News- Jesus Bringer of	good news	Kingdom of God		Pentecost: Trinity	
God the creator		Easter: Forgiveness, Salvation, Resurrection		Creation: stewardship	
Christian community-Belonging	g to the church			Discipleship	
Incarnation: Christmas					
PSED	PSED	PSED	PSED	PSED	PSED
<u>Jigsaw</u>	<u>Jigsaw</u>	<u>Jigsaw</u>	<u>Jigsaw</u>	Jigsaw	<u>Jigsaw</u>
Being me in my world	Celebrating differences	Dreams and Goals	Healthy me- healthy	Relationships- My family	Changing me
Belonging- feeling welcome	What am I good at?	Challenge	choices	Making friends	My Body
My feelings	I'm special, I'm me	Perseverance	Teeth	Falling out	Respecting my body
A right to learn	Unique/differences	Setting goals- my future	Sleep	Bullying	Fun and Fears- transition
Gentle hands	My family and my home	Staying positive	Exercise	Being the best friend, I	to Yr. 1
being responsible	Using kind words			can be	Making healthy choices
20g . 00p00.2.0				People who help me	
26g : 66po6.2.6	Give and receive				
zeng responence	compliments				Sun safety

Self-Regulation

Children at the expected level of development will: - Show an understanding of their own feelings and those of others, and begin to regulate their behaviour accordingly; - Set and work towards simple goals, being able to wait for what they want and control their immediate impulses when appropriate; - Give focused attention to what the teacher says, responding appropriately even when engaged in activity, and show an ability to follow instructions involving several ideas or actions.

Managing Self

Children at the expected level of development will: - Be confident to try new activities and show independence, resilience and perseverance in the face of challenge; - Explain the reasons for rules, know right from wrong and try to behave accordingly; - Manage their own basic hygiene and personal needs, including dressing, going to the toilet and understanding the importance of healthy food choices.

Building Relationships

Children at the expected level of development will: - Work and play cooperatively and take turns with others; - Form positive attachments to adults and friendships with peers; - Show sensitivity to their own and to others' needs.

Communication and language	Communication and language	Communication and language
Listening, Attention and Understanding	Listening, Attention and Understanding	Listening, Attention and Understanding
Speaking	Speaking	Speaking
Getting to know you activities		
Practise good sitting and listening skills	Listen to and follow instructions	Listen to stories without props or pictures
Listen to a range of stories	Ask 'how' and 'why' questions to find out more and	Start to use different tenses with greater accuracy
Learn and recite nursery rhymes and songs	check they understand what has been said to them	Follow complex instructions
Circle time - Sharing familiar experiences	Learn and use new vocabulary	Listen to and comment on non-fiction books
Understand and answer why questions	Retell stories	Continue to learn and use new vocabulary
Sing songs and nursery rhymes	Describe events in detail	Form and express opinions based on what has been
Speak in full sentences	Expand sentences with connectives	read to them - relating it to their own lives .
Share opinions - I like/dislike	Learn songs and poems	Articulate ideas and thoughts in well-formed
Talk Partners	Listen to a range of non-fiction books	sentences
	Retell an event using time connectives	Offer explanations for why things might happen,
	Use talk to explain thinking and make predictions	using recently introduced vocabulary

ELG: Listening, Attention and Understanding:

Children at the expected level of development will:

Listen attentively and respond to what they hear with relevant questions, comments and actions when being read to and during whole class discussions and small group interactions; Make comments about what they have heard and ask questions to clarify their understanding; Hold conversation when engaged in back-and-forth exchanges with their teacher and peers.

ELG: Speaking

Children at the expected level of development will:

Participate in small group, class and one-to-one discussions, offering their own ideas, using recently introduced vocabulary; Offer explanations for why things might happen, making use of recently introduced vocabulary from stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems when appropriate; Express their ideas and feelings about their experiences using full sentences, including use of past, present and future tenses and making use of conjunctions, with modelling and support from their teacher.

Texts:	Texts:	
A little bit brave	Six Dinner Sid	A great big cuddle by Michael Rosen Naughty Kitty
Stick Man	One Snowy Night	by Adam Stower
Rosie's walk by Pat Hutchins	Farmer Duck	Mr Gumpy's Outing
The Little red Hen	Can't you sleep little bear?	Pirates in the Supermarket
Stickman and The Gruffalo	The train ride by June Crebbin	Tiddler
Pumpkin soup	The Smartest Giant in Town	Ravi's Roar
Non-fiction- Autumn	Home by Carson Ellis	
Percy the Park Keeper	The way back home by Oliver Jeffers	Texts using farms as a setting
Stories about families	Here Comes Jack Frost	-
Elmer stories	Oliver's vegetables and Enormous Turnip	
Nursery rhymes and chants	The Hungry Caterpillar	
What are our favourite stories and why		
Literacy	Literacy	Literacy
Stick Man	Oracy L1	Oracy L1
Comprehension	Recount	
Listen to and join in with nursery rhymes and phrases	RWI- Set 2 sounds, blending, writing cvc words,	Outcome: to write a letter.
from familiar stories	beginning to write	develop knowledge of new vocabulary and use it in
Experience and use new vocabulary	Six Dinner Sid	context.
Understand print carries meaning and how to handle and	Comprehension:	Farm stories:
read books	Discuss key events and characters in a story and	Outcome - Retell/rewrite of the story
Discuss books we have read and talk about our ideas	make predictions using text, illustrations and title.	·
(including wordless books)	Retell a story using story mapping	Comprehension
Listen to a story and make predictions.	Using adjectives to describe a character or setting	Correctly sequence a story or event using pictures
Talk about features of a story - characters, setting,	Understand the structure of a non-fiction book is	and/or captions.
events and make links to own life experiences	different to a fiction book	Predict or respond to questions about 'how' and 'why'
Respond to 'who, where, what and when' questions linked	Talk about our ideas	something is happening in a text.
to text Learn about story sequencing - beginning,	Describe events, characters, settings in a story	Begin to understand the difference between
middle, end	Retell stories in the correct sequence	different types of texts
Learn how to story map	·	
Word reading:		

RWI daily lessons- set 1 sound's

Hear and say the initial sounds in words Begin to decode VC and CVC words

Writing

Use some of their print and letter knowledge in their early writing.

- · Write some or all of their name
- Write some letters accurately- Understand phoneme/grapheme relationship.

Learn and recognise initial sounds- beginning to write them

Give meaning to marks Use talk to link ideas, clarify thinking and feelings.

Use some recognisable letters and own symbols Write letters and strings, sometimes in clusters like words.

Say how we feel about stories and poems, what parts of the story we liked or disliked; identify favourite characters, events, or settings and say why.

Word reading:

On-going development through RWI groupings

Using a reading finger to track

Decode words made up of known letter-sound correspondences to read

Writing

Create story maps

Orally compose a sentence and hold it in memory before attempting to write it Write labels, captions and simple sentences

Write from left to right and top to bottom. Continue to form recognisable letters Write VC and CVC words independently using Phase

Identify features of a book and their purpose: front cover, title, back cover, blurb, illustration, illustrator, author.

Listen to stories, accurately anticipating key events and respond to what is heard with relevant comments, questions and reactions.

Word reading:

On-going development through RWI groupings

Begin to identify and understand punctuation (exclamation)

Using a reading finger to track

Decode words made up of known letter-sound correspondences to read simple captions and sentences

Independently Read some HFW fluently

Read multi-syllabic words

Read compound words

Read words with adjacent consonants

Read back to check understanding

Begin to use expression and fluency

Writing

Orally compose then write labels, captions and sentences linked to focus texts

Create story maps

Using capital letters, finger spaces and full stops. Extending sentences using 'and' Using adjectives in writing

Independently write sentences and stories linked to focus books

End of Reception Early Learning Goals:

Comprehension

Children at the expected level of development will: - Demonstrate understanding of what has been read to them by retelling stories and narratives using their own words and recently introduced vocabulary; - Anticipate - where appropriate - key events in stories; - Use and understand recently introduced vocabulary during discussions about stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems and during role-play.

Word Reading

Children at the expected level of development will: - Say a sound for each letter in the alphabet and at least 10 digraphs; - Read words consistent with their phonic
knowledge by sound-blending; - Read aloud simple sentences and books that are consistent with their phonic knowledge, including some common exception words.
Writing

Children at the expected level of development will: - Write recognisable letters, most of which are correctly formed; - Spell words by identifying sounds in them and representing the sounds with a letter or letters; - Write simple phrases and sentences that can be read by others.

Mathematics	Mathematics	Mathematics
	Subitising numbers to 10.	Oracy L2
Counting, cardinality and ordinality.	The purpose of counting - counting accurately.	Counting beyond 20.
Subitising numbers to 10.	Number tracks to 10	Recall of number bonds to 10.
Comparing amounts and objects- same or different.	Part-part-whole relations (Number bonds to 5.)	One more and one less.
Comparing length - shortest and tallest.	Comparing amounts - Equal or unequal.	Recalling doubles of numbers within 10.
Sorting objects into groups, offering an explanation for	Representing numbers within 10.	Comparing amounts - More than/fewer than.
sorting this way.	Sequencing numbers to 20 (counting beyond 20)	Names and properties of 3D shapes.
Exploring repeating patterns (ABC, AAB, ABB)	Properties of 2D shapes.	Capacity and weight.
	Doubles	Length- comparing sizes
	Odd and even numbers Capacity and weight.	
Maths texts	Maths texts	Maths texts
Mr Big- size	One Snowy Night	Dear Zoo, The Enormous Turnip,
A squash and a squeeze, Mr Cat likes to hide in boxes,	10 little dinosaurs	Mr Gumpy's outing
Mr- capacity	10 black dots	Mr Gumpy's motor car
A bear in a cave- sequencing and time	Pattern bugs	How many legs?
Spinderella	Nine naughty kittens	Mr Archimedes Bath
Peace at last	Kipper's Birthday	Who sank the boat?
	Octopants	

ELG: Number

Children at the expected level of development will:

Have a deep understanding of number to 10, including the composition of each number; Subitise (recognise quantities without counting) up to 5; Automatically recall (without reference to rhymes, counting or other aids) number bonds up to 5 (including subtraction facts) and some number bonds to 10, including double facts.

ELG: Numerical Patterns

Children at the expected level of development will:

Verbally count beyond 20, recognising the pattern of the counting system; Compare quantities up to 10 in different contexts, recognising when one quantity is greater than, less than or the same as the other quantity; Explore and represent patterns within numbers up to 10, including evens and odds, double facts and how quantities can be distributed equally.

<u>PE</u>	<u>PE</u>	<u>PE</u>	<u>PE</u>	<u>PE</u>	<u>PE</u>
Gymnastics -agility, balance, coordination, strength, flexibility shape, travel, jumping, marching	Fundamental skills agility, balance, coordination, throwing, catching, running, kicking	Dance Gymnastics- agility, balance, coordination, strength, flexibility travelling/jumping/balan cing/rocking and rolling	Fundamental skills- agility, balance, coordination, throwing, catching, running, kicking.	Athletics and games- team games football skills-kicking, dribbling	Athletics and games Sports day races- running, jumping, throwing
Physical Development		Physical Development		Physical Development	
Spatial Awareness		Healthy eating and exercis		Co-ordination with equipme	
fine motor skills- shapes, tro	acing, name writing, dough	Dynamic balance/static ba	lance	Agility-action and response	2
disco		Co-ordination-Ball skills		Games- teams- cooperation	n
making different types of pa	tterns and marks	Balance and agility		Scissor skills- cutting arou	ınd things- wiggly
Number/letter formation		Static balance			
Scissor skills- straight lines		Scissor skills- curves and a	circles		

ELG: Gross Motor Skills

Negotiate space and obstacles safely, with consideration for themselves and others; Demonstrate strength, balance and coordination when playing; Move energetically, such as running, jumping, dancing, hopping, skipping and climbing.

ELG: Fine Motor Skills

Hold a pencil effectively in preparation for fluent writing - using the tripod grip in almost all cases; Use a range of small tools, including scissors, paint brushes and cutlery; Begin to show accuracy and care when drawing.

EAD Artists Yayoi Kasuma	EAD Artists Oracy-C3	EAD Artists
Kandinsky- colour and shape	Van Gogh- starry night Andy Goldworthy Matisse- snail	Van Gogh -Sunflowers Paul Klee- shapes
EAD	EAD	EAD
Small world and role play- Oracy P1	Small world and role play- Oracy P2/L1/SE1	Small world and role play- Oracy SE2/C3
Portraits- me and my family	Colour mixing	Colour mixing- shades
Autumn transient art	Mixed media- watercolour paints, wax and collage	Different textures

wax rubbings

large mark making and printing- chalk drawing

primary colours- mixing Collage- matching shapes

Nativity play

Music: Beat and Tempo/Loud and quiet

Learning new songs (topic linked)

3D model making/junk models

Cityscapes-Liverpool and around the world

Music: Structure/Texture

Different sounds using instruments Identifying musical instruments

Making own instruments

Collage

Different Sounds using body

Wax resist

Design, plan and make

Patterns Observational drawing-spirals and snails

Music: High and low/Timbre

ELG:

Creating with Materials Safely use and explore a variety of materials, tools and techniques, experimenting with colour, design, texture, form and function; Share their creations, explaining the process they have used; Make use of props and materials when role playing characters in narratives and stories.

ELG: Being Imaginative and Expressive Invent, adapt and recount narratives and stories with peers and their teacher; Sing a range of well-known nursery rhymes and songs; Perform songs, rhymes, poems and stories with others, and - when appropriate - try to move in time with music.

Unde	rstanding	g the	world
	Autumn	term	
	Oracy	C1/	

Understanding the world Spring term Oracy L2/C1/C2

Understanding the world Summer term Oracy C4/C1/L1

Science strands

- Children can explore the world around them, making observations of colour.
- Children can participate in discussions and offer their own ideas using scientific words.
- Children can understand some important processes and changes in the world, including colour and how they change by mixing.
- Children know about the life cycle of a human, and can talk about how they have changed since they were a baby.
- Children can talk about changes they see in Autumn leaves changing colour, falling from trees.
- Children can find out that evergreen and deciduous trees react differently to seasonal change.
- Children can use their senses when exploring outside.
- Children can explore their school environment and talk about the animals which would live in a woodland setting, including squirrels, hedgehogs, foxes and minibeast.

- Children will identify and record ways to keep themselves healthy.
- Children will notice how germs can spread, and understand why it is important to have a clean environment.
- Children will understand that they need to eat different foods.
- Children will predict what will happen to their body if they exercise.
- Children will understand the importance of sleep and can identify different emotions.
- Children can talk about changes they see in Winter.
- Children will continue to explore outside and make observations.
- Children can talk about animals which live in cold places (while looking at Arctic /Antarctic), comparing animals that live in different countries.
- Children can explore the properties of ice and changing states of matter.

- Children will explore the natural world around them making observations, and understand some important processes and changes in the natural world around them.
- Children will represent a food chain using drawings or pictures, and discuss what a food chain is.
- Children will identify some/all of the world's oceans.
- Children will understand how pollution might affect ocean life.
- Children will discuss how climate change could affect the oceans.
- Children understand that they need to care for the natural environment and all living things.
- Children understand the importance of recycling.
- Children can explore torches to make different shadows and colours.
- Children can begin to talk about changes that they see in Summer, including plants and weather changes.

- Children can describe some woodland animals which are nocturnal
- Children can discuss changes between day and night.
- Children can talk about changes they see in Spring, including plants which are growing.
- Children can name parts of a plant, and understand how to care for growing plants
- Children recognise which animals live on the farm, and their produce.
- Children can understand the life cycle of animals (butterflies)
- Children can describe the natural phenomena of rainbows.

- Children can talk about animals that live by the ocean and in the ocean.
- Children can explore water and states of matter.
- Children can sort objects into those that float and sink, creating their own floating object.
- Children recognise the importance of water safety.
- Children recognise the importance of sun safety.

History strands

- Children can talk about members of their immediate family and community.
- Children can talk about occupations within their community and the lives of people around them
- Children know that we change as we grow, and that the time when we were babies is in the past.
- Children will talk about significant events in their own lives, e.g., birthdays.
- Children will learn about Rosa Parks, as part of Black History Month. They will learn that things in the past have not always been fair, and through being brave, people have made the world a better place.
- Children will compare and contrast characters within traditional tales and stories set within the past.
- Children will learn about celebrations such as Christmas and Diwali and appreciate that these have been celebrated differently for many years in the past.
- Children will compare toys from the past and present, noticing differences.
- Children will learn about Guy Fawkes, and the story of the Gunpowder Plot whilst celebrating Bonfire Night.

- Children will know and understand that their grandparents are older than their parents.
- Children will begin to be familiar with words and phrases associated with long ago, such as "in the past" or "a long time ago".
- Children will understand that things happened before they were born.
- Children will talk about differences and similarities between the world now and millions of years ago.
- Children will understand through stories and learn that dinosaurs lived a long time ago.
- Children will explore fossils and learn about Mary Anning and her role in learning about Dinosaurs.

- Children will use appropriate language to describe the past, such as, "in the past"
- Children will comment on images of familiar settings within the past – e.g., Bidston Hill, Birkenhead Park.
- Children will compare and contrast artefacts from homes when their parents/grandparents were children e.g., telephones, computers, cameras, toys etc.
- Children will be able to recall similarities and differences between things in the past and now, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class.
- Children will compare and contrast significant figures from past and present.
- Children will be able to use imagery from the past to prompt discussions.

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Geography strands

- Children know where school is, both the road and town.
- Children can describe the school area using terms like "next to"
- Children can look at aerial images of school and describe different things that we see.
- Children know what a community is, describing shops and other amenities in our community.
- Children draw simple maps of imaginary settings from stories they know well, e.g. Three Billy Goats Gruff.
- Children will draw information from a simple map.
- Children will comment on modes of transport.
- Children show awareness of different cultural communities, linking to celebrations.

- Children will be able to describe their immediate environment.
- Children will recognise some environments are different from the ones in which they live.
- Children can discuss features of cold places.
- Children will learn what life is like in cold countries, including where children live, travel, go to school, clothing etc.
- Children will explore directional language.
- Children will explore the city of Liverpool.
- Children will learn about contrasting environments within our locality – parks vs local streets.

- Children will understand how to look after their local environment, including recycling and litter picking (on school grounds)
- Children will compare environments by sharing photographs of holiday locations.
- Children will explore Oceans/Seas on World maps/globes.
- Children will compare different ways of travelling on the sea.

ELG: Past and Present

Talk about the lives of the people around them and their roles in society; Know some similarities and differences between things in the past and now, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class; Understand the past through settings, characters and events encountered in books read in class and storytelling.

ELG: People, Culture and Communities

Describe their immediate environment using knowledge from observation, discussion, stories, non-fiction texts and maps; Know some similarities and differences between different religious and cultural communities in this country, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class; Explain some similarities and differences between life in this country and life in other countries, drawing on knowledge from stories, non-fiction texts and - when appropriate - maps.

ELG: The Natural World

Explore the natural world around them, making observations and drawing pictures of animals and plants; Know some similarities and differences between the natural world around them and contrasting environments, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class; Understand some important processes and changes in the natural world around them, including the seasons and changing states of matter.

Parent Partnership	Parent Partnership	Parent Partnership	Parent Partnership	Parent Partnership	Parent Partnership
<u>opportunities</u>	<u>opportunities</u>	<u>opportunities</u>	<u>opportunities</u>	<u>opportunities</u>	<u>opportunities</u>
			Mother's day assembly?		Father's Day assembly
RWI meeting		Maths's workshop	Parents evening		Sports Day
Parents evening	Christmas performance				School Reports
					Graduation/celebration
<u>Visits/Visitors</u>	<u>Visits/Visitors</u>	<u>Visits/Visitors</u>	<u>Visits/visitors</u>	Visits/Visitors	<u>Visits/Visitors</u>
	Visit to the church	January Science week-			
Visit to St Oswalds	Children in need	Diversity in science			
	Children In Need -	January Bird watch		The Farm	Sports Day

October National Poetry	Anti-Bullying/Odd socks	March WBD-Reading	Tuesday 18 th Eco/Earth	
Day-	^h November	for pleasure	Our Wonderful World	Transition
October Black History	Theatre show	March Red Nose Day	Earth Day Sat	
Month Harvest festivals:	Christmas Lunches:	Easter Service Thursday	21 st	
week October/ F2 visit the	Wednesday 8 th and	28th ^h March		
church	Christmas Jumper			

Reception (4-5 years old)

Physical	Linguistic	Cognitive	Social & Emotional
To use gesture to support meaning in play. P1 To speak audibly so they can be heard and understood. P2	To use talk in play to practice new L1 vocabulary. To join phrases with words such as 'if', 'because' 'so' 'could' 'but'. L2	To ask questions. To wonder about ideas. To use 'because' to develop their C3 ideas. To describe events that have happened to them in detail.	To listen to others. SE1 To take turns to speak. SE2